

**1999 Annual Report/Academy of the Social Sciences in Australia**

## THE ACADEMY

The Academy of the Social Sciences in Australia was established in 1971. Before this date, Academy functions were fulfilled through the Social Science Research Council of Australia, founded in 1942. The membership of the Academy comprises those who have achieved a very high level of scholarly distinction, recognised internationally. The Academy is an autonomous, non-governmental organisation, devoted to the advancement of knowledge and research in the various social sciences.

The Academy is a corporate body of social scientists. Its objects are:

- to promote excellence in and encourage the advancement of the social sciences in Australia;
- to act as a co-ordinating group for the promotion of research and teaching in the social sciences;
- to foster excellence in research and to subsidise the publication of studies in the social sciences;
- to encourage and assist in the formation of other national associations or institutions for the promotion of the social sciences or any branch of them;
- to promote international scholarly cooperation and to act as an Australian national member of international organisations concerned with the social sciences;
- to act as consultant and adviser in regard to the social sciences; and
- to comment where appropriate on national needs and priorities in the area of the social sciences.

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*President*

Professor GF Gale

*Vice-President*

Mr I Castles

*Executive Director*

Mr B Clissold

*Honorary Treasurer*

Professor G Jones

*Executive Committee*

Professor GF Gale

Mr I Castles

Professor G Jones

Professor P Jalland

Professor L Manderson

Professor L Mann

Professor J Nevile

Associate Professor S Richardson

Professor J Roe

*Standing Committee of the Executive*

Professor GF Gale

Mr I Castles

Professor G Jones

Professor P Jalland

*Finance Committee*

Professor GF Gale (Chair)

Mr I Castles

Professor H Arndt

Professor HG Brennan

Professor G Jones

Associate Professor S Richardson

*National Academies Forum (ASSA members)*

Professor GF Gale

Mr I Castles

Professor G Jones

*Award Committee*

Professor GF Gale  
Mr I Castles  
Professor RAM Gregson  
Associate Professor S Richardson  
Professor S Macintyre  
Professor G Ward

*Membership Committee*

Professor GF Gale (Chair)  
Mr I Castles  
Professor P Crawford  
Professor J Fox  
Professor K Hancock

*Public Affairs Committee*

Professor R Holton (Chair)  
Professor GF Gale  
Mr B Clissold  
Mr P Kelly  
Professor B Kingston  
Professor M Sawyer  
Professor J Perkins

*International Relations Committee*

Dr J Jupp (Chair)  
Professor GF Gale  
Mr B Clissold  
Professor J Fox  
Professor P Groenewegen  
Professor R MacLeod  
Professor JJ Smolicz  
Professor R Ward

*Joint Academies' Committee for Exchanges  
with Countries in Asia (ASSA Members)*

Dr J Jupp  
Mr B Clissold

*Workshop Committee*

Professor J Roe (Chair) (to 31 July 1999)  
Professor P Saunders (Chair) (from 1 August 1999)  
Professor GF Gale  
Mr I Castles  
Professor B Gillam  
Professor R Holton  
Professor D Throsby  
(*Secretariat: Ms S Rider*)

*Research Projects Committee*

Professor GF Gale (Chair)  
Mr I Castles  
Dr J Robertson  
Professor RG Ward  
Associate Professor S Richardson  
Professor S Macintyre  
Professor RAM Gregson

*Branch Convenors*

Professor D Andrich (Western Australia)  
Professor P Groenewegen (New South Wales)  
Professor P Weller (Queensland)  
Professor L Mann (Victoria)  
Professor JJ Smolicz (South Australia)

*Secretariat*

Vice-President	Ian Castles AO
Executive Director	Barry Clissold ED, BA, MLitt
Research Director	John Robertson BA DipEd, MA, PhD
Executive Assistant	Pam Shepherd
Project Officer	Sue Rider
Project Officer	Elizabeth Lovell
Publications	Peg Job BA, PhD

**Panel A Committee**

*(Anthropology, Demography,  
Geography, Sociology, Linguistics)*

Professor RG Ward (Chair)

Professor G Bottomley

Professor A Pauwels

Professor R Holton

Professor G McNicoll

Professor M Pusey

**Panel B Committee**

*(Economics, Economic History,  
Accounting, Statistics)*

Associate Professor S Richardson (Chair)

Professor R Bewley

Professor A Harding

Professor M Lewis

Professor J Quiggin

Professor P Swan

**Panel C Committee**

*(History, Political Science,  
Law, Philosophy)*

Professor S Macintyre (Chair)

Dr J Jupp

Professor M Neave

Professor P Pettit

**Panel D Committee**

*(Education, Psychology,  
Social Medicine)*

Professor RAM Gregson (Chair)

Professor J Elkins

Professor N Feather

Professor P Noller

Professor D Spearritt

Professor S Spence

## PRESIDENTS

<b>1943-1952</b>	Kenneth Stewart Cunningham
<b>1952-1953</b>	Sir Douglas Copland
<b>1953-1958</b>	Sir Leslie Galfreid Melville
<b>1958-1962</b>	Sydney James Butlin
<b>1962-1964</b>	Wilfred David Borrie
<b>1964-1966</b>	William Matthew O'Neil
<b>1966-1969</b>	Percy Herbert Partridge
<b>1969-1972</b>	Richard Ivan Downing
<b>1972-1975</b>	Geoffrey Sawyer
<b>1975-1978</b>	Fred Henry George Gruen
<b>1978-1981</b>	Alan George Lewers Shaw
<b>1981-1984</b>	Keith Jackson Hancock
<b>1984-1987</b>	Joseph Ezra Isaac
<b>1987-1990</b>	Peter Henry Karmel
<b>1990-1993</b>	Peter Winston Sheehan
<b>1993-1997</b>	Paul Francis Bourke
<b>1997-</b>	Gwendoline Fay Gale



## PRESIDENT'S REPORT

In this annual report for 1999 I would first wish to honour our previous President, Professor Paul Bourke. I miss greatly the contribution and wise counsel he continued to offer in his role as immediate past president. I joined with a large number of Fellows in attending the very fitting memorial service for Paul in the Great Hall in University House on Thursday 29 July and in the celebration of his academic work at Flinders University on Friday 24 September.

This year has been a very active one for the Academy and a number of new initiatives have taken place and various procedures have been changed and updated. Probably the most exciting venture, however, has been the acquisition of new premises. Thanks to the efforts of our Executive Director, Barry Clissold, great progress has been made on the arrangements for the refurbishment of 28 Balmain Crescent in preparation for our move in the New Year. We have long awaited this opportunity to occupy a large house that is clearly the sole premises of the Academy and one with easy access for all fellows and visitors.

It was Professor Bourke's great wish that something like this would one day eventuate and it is sad that he is not here to enjoy it. The new arrangements will give us an excellent large conference room with a very pleasant outlook. We will also be able to have a library as well as several offices. There will now be space for visiting scholars to work and have ready access to the Academy's publications. I am sure that this greater visibility and accessibility will greatly enhance our public profile.

Most fellows will now be aware of the changed, upgraded and streamlined procedures for the election of fellows. It was time to make changes to ensure as much as possible comparability between panels and to ensure greater accountability in the procedures. By introducing independent assessors to the process we should ensure greater objectivity than was possible when using only referees who may be well known to the candidate. Whilst there has been some concern expressed that the role of panels might be weakened by this process, this was not the intention and should not be the case. It will merely mean that further expert



Fay Gale

advice is added to the decision making process. Panel chairs will continue to attend the meetings of the Membership committee to discuss the considerations of the Panel committees and to explain where needed the results of the Panel ballot.

The Workshop committee is one of our most prominent committees in terms of raising the profile of the Academy and promoting scholarship. During the year the guidelines have been through a series of iterations to clarify them and to make them readily available to all potential applicants. We have also spelled out more clearly the conditions of the grant and the publication requirements. The new guidelines support greater scholarly participation and encourage cross subsidy. Workshops bring together scholars working at the leading edge of research on particular problems. They provide an avenue for intense intellectual exchange and the generation of new ideas often directed at informing policy. They are by intent small and transdisciplinary. They have resulted in some excellent publications that have often had considerable impact on government. I have opened two workshops on behalf of the Academy and have been most impressed by the quality of the scholarship and discussion and the commitment and enthusiasm of the participants. The requirements for funding and Academy support are now stringent and the Workshop Committee consists of many dedicated scholars who work hard to raise the profile and standards of the workshops. Professor Jill Roe has been a stimulating and enthusiastic chair of the committee and will be greatly missed. We have been fortunate in having such an efficient officer in Sue Rider to assist this active committee through the re-organisation.

The guidelines for the nomination and selection of younger scholars for the Academy's medal have also been updated and amended during the year. The wording on eligibility has been changed so that younger scholars are no longer defined by age but by years, in this case eight years, since commencing their professional career. This enables the committee to consider scholars, usually women, who have entered academic life somewhat later than the norm. Referees are now to be called and

considerable weight is placed on the citation put forward by the nominator.

The Public Affairs Committee which was established last year has met several times this year to develop its rationale. In line with one of the recommendations of the ARC review of the Social Sciences this committee was established to promote the work of the Academy and to publicise its many scholarly activities. By means of a workshop and the assistance of a consultant, considerable work has been put into developing a new website taking into consideration the requirements of potential users and the benefits to the Academy of electronic communication.

Fellows will have already noticed the new logo and the revamped newsletter now called *Dialogue*. These have been designed to make the Academy and its work more noticeable and more widely publicised. A new and more appropriate letterhead will be printed when we move to the new location.

Our international work has also taken on an added dimension. The International Committee develops and maintains links with specific countries and assists with discipline ties and with visits of fellows to countries with which it might otherwise be difficult for individuals to establish contact. The work of this committee is reported in later pages. In addition I have attempted this year to broaden the image and profile of the Academy with Social Science organisations in countries where fellows already have discipline contacts but where we do not necessarily have Academy ties. Thus as reported in *Dialogue* 3/1999, Professor Jim Jupp and I visited Lord Plant in London to discuss the newly established Academy of the Social Sciences there and its relationships with the British Academy. I also visited New York and Harvard to gain information and contacts with the Social Sciences Research Council and the American Academy of the Arts and Sciences.

I have since been to New Zealand to speak at a conference on the Social Sciences organised by the Royal Society of New Zealand. I have also given a paper at the biennial conference of AASSREC (Association of Asian Social Science Research Councils) in Seoul, Korea. Professor George Smolicz, an affiliate of this organisation in a different capacity, also spoke at this conference. Just after the

AGM I will be going to Phitsanulok in Thailand to a meeting of IFSSO (International Federation of Social Science Organisations) and ISSC (International Social Science Council). I am attempting to re-establish links with these social science bodies to ensure that we are well known and consulted in the region. I was unable to represent us at the UNESCO conference in Budapest as I was already committed in the United States. However Associate Professor Sue Richardson and Mr Ian Castles went to the meeting in Budapest and spoke on behalf of social scientists. I have participated in the national committee of UNESCO and I anticipate greater cooperative ventures with them in the future.

A Research Projects Committee has been set up to work with the Research Director, Dr John Robertson, on long term projects and funding applications. We have been successful in obtaining funding for a new large scale project again this year. This project will carry out a study of Post Graduate Training. The research has already commenced and has brought together a team of scholars to enable cross-disciplinary collaboration. This new initiative is timely in view of the recently released Green Paper which emphasises the need for change in the structure and funding of post graduate training.

This year the Annual General Meeting will be restructured. I have felt it unnecessary to repeat orally material which is already available in this Annual Report and in *Dialogue*. As a result it is anticipated that the meeting will be much shorter and finish in adequate time for Fellows to catch afternoon flights home. I am hoping for a speedier and more efficient meeting that will improve attendance and participation.

Our role in the political field remains very active. Professor Vicki Sara, Chair of the Australian Research Council, attended the last meeting of the Executive Committee and we have since submitted our response to the Green Paper, *New Knowledge, New Opportunities*. I spoke at a meeting of the four academies on this issue in Adelaide. In my role on the National Academies Forum, I have with the other presidents had a meeting with Dr David Kemp to discuss our concerns with the paper. We have written a joint submission to the paper, realising after much discussion, that we

have very similar concerns since research is of prime importance to all Fellows.

The National Academies Forum has been active in a number of other ways. It has conducted valuable interdisciplinary symposia on topics as diverse as *Scholarship, Intellectual Ownership and the Law* and *Fire! The Australian Experience*. This Forum has also gone through a time of re-evaluation this year and as a part of this assessment has been re-named The Council of the Australian Academies.

This has been a very busy year with many changes and an upgrading of many of our procedures. These initiatives should put us in good shape for the very important five yearly review which DETYA will conduct next year.

**Fay Gale**

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## GENERAL REPORT

During 1999 the Academy maintained its role as a vital contributor to the advancement of the social sciences in Australia. Our immediate goals are to build on this performance, and in particular to improve the Academy's visibility. Importantly, we will need to expand our attention to multi-disciplinary issues and to encourage the mutually beneficial interactions of the social sciences and the humanities with science and technology.

This year our programs have not only grown in size but have become more interrelated. It is increasingly recognised that the interactions between natural and social phenomena are both complex and pervasive, and that there is a corresponding need for close collaboration between the natural and social sciences. This position was reflected in Australia's Statement to the UNESCO World Conference on Science in July. Addressing the Conference in Budapest, Australia's former Foreign Minister, Gareth Evans, observed that there was support for creating a new relationship between science and society.

'Science must be seen in holistic terms,' he said. 'It must be seen, in other words, as embracing not just the natural sciences, technology and engineering, but the social sciences as well - recognising that science in all its dimensions is an integral part of society and impacts upon every aspect of it.'

The Academy's Vice President, Ian Castles, and Associate Professor Sue Richardson, from the Academy's Executive Committee, were members of the Australian Delegation which was led by Dr John Zillman, Australian Academy of Technological Sciences and Engineering. The Australian Delegation's Statement endorsed the principle that the new contract between science and society must be built on new commitments:

- developing public understanding of science and technology at all levels; and,
- developing humanistic and social understanding amongst scientists and engineers

Since the inauguration of the Workshop Program ten years ago, the Academy has become a major facilitator of collective intellectual

work in the social sciences. In highlighting one such example in 1999, the Academy has been able to contribute to the Australian Government's Ecologically Sustainable Development (ESD) Process. The process was required to come up with realistic policy recommendations for all tiers of government. More than 150 academics, scientists, bureaucrats, NGO representatives, union officials and others, together with a full-time staff of more than a dozen people, took part in the process. An Academy workshop was aimed at evaluating the ESD process five years on. How did it work? What were its strengths and limitations? Has it had any lasting impact? Does it provide a model for other policy processes in the environment or other spheres? Participants in the two-day workshop were drawn from the universities, government, industry and the environment movement. The workshop's report *The ESD Process. Evaluating a Policy Experiment*, released this year, has been well received and is available on request from the Academy's Secretariat.

The Academy is currently engaged in a number of research projects. These are supported by DETYA as part of a Special Projects funding program for the Learned Academies. In the final stages of preparation for publication, is a project entitled *Creating Fairer Futures: Rethinking Australian Pathways to and from Disadvantage* (see pp 24-25). A research project entitled 'Postgraduate Training in the Social Sciences' is in the early stages of project implementation (see pp 25-26). It is envisaged that the project will address those training and career issues and recommendations for appropriate policy actions, which were identified in the Academy's review of the social sciences, *Challenges for the Social Sciences and Australia*.

Such projects while funded in large part by the Australian Research Council, also require substantial financial and in-kind contributions from the Academy's own resources. The success of these projects is due, in no small way, to the Fellows who participate in Project Committees, and who assist in developing and overseeing the research studies.

This Academy is also involved as a managing institution in a project entitled 'People of the Rivermouth – The Joborr Project' which is reviewing the laws, customs and arts of the Gidjingarli

people (see pp 26-27). Now in the final stages of research which required a number of field trips to Maningrida, the project aims to bring together and publish some of the results of a four-decade long relationship between the Anbarra – people of the rivermouth, and a number of scholars from various fields of study.

After some consideration of several possible research areas in the social sciences, the Academy submitted a proposal for possible Special Projects funding for the year 2000. Those projects, endorsed by the ARC Committee responsible, normally receive funding at the beginning of the calendar year.

Academy contributions to UNESCO formed an essential core for our international relations program during the year. In his speech to UNESCO's Asia-Pacific Science Conference our Vice President, Ian Castles, outlined the contributions made by the social sciences to society. As already mentioned the Academy was represented in the Australian Delegation to the UNESCO World Conference on Science and contributed to a meeting of the Social Sciences Network established by the Australian National Commission for UNESCO. Academy membership of an UNESCO affiliate, The International Social Science Council (ISSC) is under consideration following a visit to Paris by the Vice President and discussions held in Thailand in November with ISSC delegates and the Academy's President. Despite this strong representation, together with the other growing components of our International Program (see pp 31-35), it remains a concern that the Australian Government does not recognise the social sciences as falling within the purview of 'science' in its administrative arrangements - and in fact does not provide for the social sciences or the humanities within its administrative arrangements at all. The Academy will continue to press the view that the links between Australian anthropologists, demographers, economists and psychologists and their overseas counter-parts are no less important (and no less deserving of government support) than the corresponding links between Australian biologists, engineers and physicists and their overseas counterparts.

The year has been a busy one with particular attention being given to public affairs and policy advising. Through its Public Affairs Committee the Academy has begun the process of developing a



communications strategy and progress is already underway with a major upgrade of the Academy's web site. The site will comprise one of our most effective tools for communicating messages and the many activities of the Academy to a broad community, at the same time highlighting via our electronic directory, the vast field of expertise available through the Fellowship. The web directory will complement the Academy's publication *Directory of Fellows 1998* that provides easy and quick reference to specialists in the wide range of fields of the social sciences. Copies of the Directory can be obtained on request to the Secretariat.

During the year the Secretariat has been involved in supporting and co-ordinating Academy inputs in relation to issues of public policy: members of our Standing Committee of the Executive made significant contributions to the *National Statement on Ethical Conduct in Research Involving Humans*; the President, with representatives from the other three Academies, met with Dr David Kemp, Minister for Education, Training and Youth Affairs, to provide advice on the discussion paper, *New Knowledge, New Opportunities*, and contributions were made in a national round table to discuss important recent developments in the collection and access policy of the National Library. A further example of Academy inputs into public policy was our Vice President's contribution to a Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade public information paper *WTO Symposium on Trade and Development*. The Academy has also been an active member of the National Scholarly Communications Forum, which included participation in a Roundtable *Developing Scholarship and Research Skills*. A successful feature of the Roundtable was the input from postgraduate scholars.

Meetings of the Executive Committee were held on 15 April, 28 July and 7 November and members of its Standing Committee met between these dates to consider and resolve issues requiring immediate responses. Each of the program committees met during the year: the Public Affairs met on 19 March and 21 July and the Workshop Committee met three times throughout the year to continue the management of its program (see pp 28-30). The Membership Committee met on 29 July to consider nominations for election of new Fellows. The involvement of Panel Chairs in a

wide range of issues has further benefited the Committee work of the Academy.

A major review of the Academy's procedures for the election of Fellows was completed in July. The new procedures, in place for the Year 2000 round, achieve a more transparent form of election process, ensuring that excellence is seen to be rewarded, irrespective of age, gender, geographical location or university of employment. Closing date for nominations is now 1 September each year.

The Academy continues to be an important partner in the activities of the National Academies Forum having been instrumental in its establishment in 1995. The task of the NAF is to have a role in contributing public comment on matters shared in common by the Learned Academies and on a common approach when this is felt appropriate. The co-operative nature of the NAF's functions is highlighted by the involvement of all four Learned Academies, in the Pacific Science Association's Congress in July, which included a number of Academy speakers, the association of Fellows in the *Fire! The Australian Experience* Forum in October and State meetings of Fellows from all Academies during August and September to discuss the Government's Green Paper, *New Knowledge, New Opportunities*.

After nearly twenty years occupying offices in University House, Australian National University, Canberra, the Academy's Secretariat will move to a new location on 1 January 2000. The move, to 28 Balmain Crescent, will provide a distinctive address for the Academy, more accessible to Fellows and visitors with more office and meeting room space. During the next few years the Academy intends to establish an adequate library on the premises together with a well-equipped Fellow's Room.

## ANNUAL SYMPOSIUM and CUNNINGHAM LECTURE 1998

Reconciliation is a theme of vital importance in contemporary Australian political and social life. The 1998 Cunningham Lecture and Annual Symposium acknowledged this by exploring the implications of colonisation, racism and contemporary reconciliation movements for intellectual practice and institutional structures, within and beyond universities.

The annual Cunningham Lecture was delivered by the President of the Academy, Professor Fay Gale. In 'Shared Space-Divided Cultures: Australia Today', Professor Gale drew on her own experience as an academic from the late 1950s to the present, to offer insight into the personal face of racism and settlement history. As she illustrated, many Australians have fought for decades against the injustices, inequalities, and violence to which Indigenous Australians have been subject. Contemporary efforts for reconciliation – land rights, Wik, the stolen generation, sorry books, Hindmarsh Island – reflect that growing numbers of Australians now recognise the importance of political, material and symbolic acts.

Speakers and discussants during the Symposium carried forward these themes, and addressed the importance that we acknowledge the different histories of Indigenous and other Australians. The legacies of colonisation spill out into issues of social policy and social justice, the care of cultural artefacts and the repatriation of remains, educational policy and its translation into programs, the reclamation of Indigenous identity. Reconciliation affects both the theory and practice of research and teaching.

Presentations were paired to enhance debate and reflection. The first papers highlighted how contemporary movements in politics and academic life in Australia, despite their unique history, have much in common with those elsewhere; hence the opening reflection on South Africa. Professor Norman Etherington (University of Western Australia), in 'Writing Truth and Reconciliation History for South Africa: Lessons for Australia?' reflected on his writing a history of 19th century South Africa.



Delegates at the  
1998 Symposium

Taking the colonial creation of 'South Africa' as a starting point, he explored the imperative of writing new narrative histories, and the challenges that this presents us. Dr Bill Gammage (Australian National University) reflected also on the importance of keeping other struggles in our sight line, and drew out further parallels and contrasts of anti-apartheid politics and Australian activism, history and truth.

Secondly, speakers at the Symposium explored how representations of the past (in histories and in displays) need to incorporate black and white experiences and shared histories, and to acknowledge common goals and values as well as differences. Dr Bill Jonas (National Museum of Australia), in 'Museums and Indigenous People: Changing Relationship', examined the tensions that exist in policies and practices of representation in the modern museum, such as the 'battle of repatriation' for both human remains and sacred/secret artefacts, or using items of material culture to comment upon the tensions of cultural contact and conflict. Policy tensions relate also the complexities that relate to enabling an Indigenous record and holdings, while sustaining a dialogue between Indigenous and non-Indigenous society. Dr Peter Read (Australian National University) supplemented Dr Jonas' address with an engaging and caustic tour of museum display, that highlighted the shifts in the theory of representation over time, to provide increasing insight into the culturally (white) constructed past, and into the tensions of truth and ideology today.

Issues of truth and representation affect written history as well as museum display. In 'Writing Reconciliation: Different Histories, New Historiographies', Professor Henry Reynolds (James Cook University) asked academy members to reflect on the legal, political, moral and intellectual consequences of revisionist history, and the importance for us (as a nation) to come to terms with how history writing takes place in a social and political context that validates the present. Dr Geoff Gray (Australian Institute of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Studies) pursued the way that anthropology was so structured and pursued as to legitimise the colonial regime. At the same time, he drew attention to the discomfort that most Australians experience in listening to early accounts of black and white Australia, which reflect the

dichotomy of primitive:modern that justified the regimes of repression, and he argued the need for all Australians to acknowledge our racist past.

In her address, 'Indigenous Studies, Emerging Fields', Dr Deborah Bird Rose (Australian National University) drew on her research in northern Australia to explore the inter-relationship and interdependence of social justice, ecological justice and reconciliation. Like Reynolds, she argued of the necessity of moral engagement by scholars, and all Australians, if reconciliation is to occur, even at the most modest level of acknowledging the destruction of people and landscape since colonial settlement. Professor Francesca Merlan (Australian National University) pursued the notion of Indigenous ecologies, and explored the idea of settler modes of replacement and settler regimes as they relate to the Australian historical experience and recent politics – reflecting not only on Bird Rose's paper, but also the earlier presentations – such as that of Geoff Gray – which addressed white and black engagement with the past, and commitment to a common future.

The final papers most directly dealt with universities as institutions, historically (and still) as institutions of white privilege. In speaking of 'Meeting the Needs of Indigenous Students', Tracey Bunda (University of Canberra) described the challenges that face her as an Indigenous woman in higher education in Australia, and her role in facilitating and easing the passage of Indigenous students working in white Australian structures of learning and knowledge. She drew attention to the need for Indigenous people to 'punch our way through to the path of reconciliation', to forge new identities and to cast off those forged onto them. Professor Colin Burke (Monash University) examined further the structure of knowledge and power in institutions of higher education in Australia, and argued for an Indigenous 'university' that would provide the place and space for Indigenous healing and learning.

In conclusion, speaking of 'One History, Many Truths; One Rope, Many Strands', Justice Robert French (National Native Title Tribunal) reflected on issues of truth and reconciliation presented by all speakers, and spoke of the tensions between chronicles of 'primary fact' and interpretive history. He drew attention again to the importance of reconciliation as a tool, a process and as a



Lenore Manderson

functional concept – an essential part of the move towards nation building.

### **Lenore Manderson, Convenor, 1998 Symposium**

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## ACADEMY AWARD

The Academy of the Social Sciences in Australia Medal honours younger Australians who have achieved excellence in scholarship in the social sciences.

Past Awards have been granted to:

- 1987 Richard George Fox
- 1988 Wojciech Sadurski
- 1989 Gregory J Whitwell
- 1990 Vicki Lee
- 1991 Peter Higgs
- 1992 Robert Cribb
- 1993 John Quiggin
- 1994 Debbie Terry
- 1995 Kay J Anderson
- 1996 Tony Aspromourgos
- 1997 Jeff Borland
- 1998 Chandran Kukathas

The recipient of the Academy Medal for 1999 is **Dr Richard Bryant**, Senior Lecturer, School of Psychology, University of New South Wales. Dr Bryant received first-class honours in his initial degree at the University of Sydney, subsequently completing his Master of Clinical Psychology from Macquarie University in 1986. He was awarded his Doctor of Philosophy in Psychology from Macquarie University. Dr Bryant is an early career scholar in that his major, independent research career began in 1995. Since 1995

he has focused his research on the psychological responses to traumatic experiences, and to the issues of post-traumatic stress disorder and acute stress disorder. His assessment protocols for acute stress disorder are being used in several major treatment studies throughout the world. Through application of the scientist-practitioner model, Dr Bryant has demonstrated that social scientists play a very significant role in achieving both theoretical and practical advances. In a wide range of activities, he has brought the profile of psychology and the social sciences into a prominent position in government, forensic and health agencies in a way that is directly influencing community policies and practices.



## ACADEMY PROJECTS

A key component of the Academy's charter is to undertake research into a range of social science issues pertaining to its Fellowship and the interests of the broader Australian community. The Academy is the only organisation in Australia which fosters a sense of unity among social scientists, and which seeks to ensure that the value of their vital contributions to the advancement of knowledge is not eroded by artificial barriers between the disciplines.

The range of research projects currently being undertaken by the Academy have been funded as part of DETYA/ARC Special Projects Funding for the Learned Academies. These include a multi-disciplinary analysis of Postgraduate Training in the Social Sciences, and a detailed examination of the rising levels of disadvantage and inequality now affecting sections of Australian Society.

## RESEARCH PROJECTS

### CREATING FAIRER FUTURES: RETHINKING AUSTRALIAN PATHWAYS TO AND FROM DISADVANTAGE

Much discussion of disadvantage in Australian social science (often named as discussion of 'poverty', though it does not share the visions of starvation and complete disablement of people present in discussions of poverty in poor countries) centres on the description of disadvantage, rather than on the processes giving rise to such outcomes. Some authors, social economists amongst them, present sophisticated descriptions of divergent incomes, statistically. Others rely on qualitative accounts, revealing through the voices of those disadvantaged what the experience of disadvantage means in people's daily lives

This Research Project which will be published early next year provides a detailed analysis of :

- important matters of context in the processes of production of disadvantage and in the devising of paths away from it, which will demonstrate how diverse is the experience of inequality in our country and how complex its development (matters unable



to be comprehended from descriptive measures, eg of income, alone)

- strategies for capacity-building for individuals and communities – for it is through the enabling of people, groups and communities that pathways from disadvantage will come.

Such a publication will be timely as inequalities, polarisations and divisions are occurring, perhaps increasing, between different groups in Australia, or at very least because this is perceived to be the case. It is also timely to make such an examination because some longstanding mechanisms and practices in public policy, that have in the past been pathways to social mobility and individual and community enablement, are declining or have disappeared.

#### POSTGRADUATE TRAINING IN THE SOCIAL SCIENCES

In March 1999 the Academy received funding from DETYA to undertake a research project which will examine Postgraduate Training in the Social Sciences. A research team, lead by Dr Simon Marginson, Associate Dean (Research) in the Faculty of Education at Monash University has been identified to undertake the project over the next twelve months.

The project will encompass a range of disciplines in the social sciences and will include an analysis of both the role of the social sciences in preparing students for work, and also their role in research and knowledge-building. There will also be an overview from the perspective of individual disciplines, of the extent of internationalisation.

Key questions which will be addressed include:

- What are the purposes of postgraduate training?
- What do we expect from existing postgraduate training, from the point of view of institutions, students, governments, professional organisations and other stakeholders? External relations: for example how courses and pedagogies change in response to occupational associations. The growth of postgraduate education and the forces driving that growth. The contribution of postgraduate training to research, universities, industry, the public good, including potential

commercialisation. The balance between vocational and academic aspects.

- How is postgraduate training provided and how can this be improved?
- The character of PhDs and of professional doctorates: scope, standards, examination, the relationship between skill-building and research aspects. Coursework degrees. Course length and completion: trends and measures. The organisation of postgraduate training and its 'marketing' to prospective students. Requirements such as language competence, numeracy. Facilities and student servicing. Funding, portable 'vouchers', other post-Green Paper issues.
- How is cross-disciplinary collaboration shaping postgraduate training?
- The potential created by overlap between and collaboration between different disciplines. Existing patterns of collaboration, trends, how collaboration and synergies can be enhanced.
- What are the outcomes from postgraduate training and how can they be improved?
- How effective is postgraduate training in relation to career development, skill-training and preparation for further research? Data on where graduates go. The contribution of courses to professional preparation. The research skills produced, whether these are used in universities or broader employment. The transition to the post-doctoral phase.
- How is the international dimension reshaping postgraduate education?
- Postgraduate training in Australia, and trends in that training, in comparison with postgraduate training in the other English-speaking countries and elsewhere. Internationalisation: the growth of international collaboration, exchange, travel etc. Global effects in course organisation and content. The marketing of postgraduate courses internationally, changing student composition.

#### PEOPLE OF THE RIVERMOUTH – THE JOBORR PROJECT

This is the second year that this Academy has acted as the managing institution for the Joborr Custom-Law Project which is

reviewing the laws, customs and arts of the Gidjingarli people. The research project is being funded by the Australian Research Council with support also provided by the National Museum of Australia.

People of the Rivermouth is centred on a sequence of remarkable 'texts' which were dictated to anthropologist Les Hiatt in 1960. Les first went to Arnhem Land in 1958, the year after the Government settlement of Maningrida was established. By then, most of the people from the surrounding area, including the Anbarra, had gravitated towards the new settlement, and he began his studies of traditional kinship there.

It has only been since his retirement from the University of Sydney in 1991 that Les has been able to return to the texts in a way that would do them full justice. The project will develop the material for a CD ROM and it is intended that the project will play a role in the exhibitions of the new Museum when it opens in 2001.

**John Robertson, Research Director**

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## WORKSHOP PROGRAM

The Workshop Program is now in its 10th year, and during that time 40 workshops have been sponsored. A feature of the Program in recent years has been its widening span, with workshops on issues arising from most, if not all, areas of the Social Sciences in Australia. Another feature is its enhanced geographic reach, with workshops now being convened by social scientists across Australia, from Perth to Brisbane. The Program has matured in other ways as well, with the increasing viability of sponsorships for particular workshops, for example, the *Psychology and Health* workshop. There has also been an increase in the variety and number of significant publications ensuing from the workshops as a matter of course, including monographs, special issues of journals and the increasing use of websites.

In July 1999 Professor Jill Roe stood down as Chair of the Committee, due to study leave, and further developments are to be expected with the appointment of Professor Peter Saunders as the new Chair. The Workshop Program is increasingly recognised as a forum for distinctive forms of intellectual work in Australia, and is now considered the flagship of Academy activities.

**PROGRAM 1998-1999.** The Program has sponsored five workshops:

*Representation: Theory and Practice in Australian Politics*, convened by Associate Professor Marian Sawer, Political Program, Research School of Social Sciences, Australian National University, and co-sponsored with the Reshaping Australian Institutions Project, was held in Canberra on 10-11 December 1998. Fellows participating included Robert Goodin, James Jupp, Stuart Macintyre, Barry Hindess and Ann Curthoys. The workshop covered contemporary challenges to the concepts of representation which have underpinned parliamentary democracy. Challenges include the weakening of party identification, increased distrust of parliamentary institutions, the decreased relevance of the geographical basis of presentation and the need to accommodate multiple forms of political identity.

*1998 Federal Election*, convened by Dr Marian Simms, Department of Political Science, Australian National University, was held in Canberra on 13-14 February 1999. The papers covered such issues as the campaign, the various parties' perspectives, the emphasis on regional and local perspectives as well as the role of special interest groups. A book, provisionally titled *Howard's Way: The Politics of the 1998 Federal Election*, will be published by University of Queensland Press, and edited by Dr Simms and Professor John Warhurst.

*Demanding Democracy: The Future of Democracy in Australia*, convened by Professor Glenn Withers, Graduate Program in Public Policy, Australian National University and Dr John Nieuwenhuysen, Committee for Economic Development of Australia, Melbourne, and co-sponsored with GPPP, CEDA and the Cranlana Program. The workshop was held in Melbourne on 29-30 April 1999. Participants focused on the origins and relevance of the values which constitute democracy; the challenges and changes confronting our present democratic arrangements; and the social and political initiatives that are required to sustain democracy in Australia and re-vitalise it for the future. A discussion document will be published in the near future.

*Social Security and Social Development in East and Southeast Asia*, convened by Professor Peter Saunders, Social Policy Research Centre, University of New South Wales, and co-sponsored by SPRC, UNSW and AusAID, was held in Sydney on 2-3 September 1999. The workshop provided a unique opportunity to bring together a group of experts on various aspects of social development. The participants, from Indonesia, Thailand, Japan, Singapore, Taiwan, Korea, Malaysia, China and Australia, represented a wide range of disciplines within the social sciences. Discussion focused around issues such as demographic trends in Asia and their social consequences, the impact of the economic crisis on social policy, gender and ageing implications on social policy and social development. Fellows participating included Gavin Jones and Sheila Shaver.

*Psychology and Health*, convened by Professor Margot Prior, Royal Children's Hospital, University of Melbourne, and co-sponsored with the Australian Psychological Society, was held on

9-10 September 1999 in Melbourne. The broad aim of the workshop was to facilitate the future development of psychological research into key questions relating to the health of the Australian people. Participants included medical and behavioural scientists as well as government and NHMRC representatives. Fellows who contributed included Susan Spence, Doreen Rosenthal, and Anthony Jorm.

The following workshop has been approved for 2000: *Volunteering for the New Millennium – Is there a future?*, convened by Dr Jeni Warburton, University of Queensland and Dr Melanie Oppenheimer, University of Western Sydney, Nepean, and will be held in Sydney on 10-11 February 2000. The workshop will focus on volunteering in the four contextual areas of socio-political, economic, organisational and cultural.

Publications arising from recent workshops:

Paul Smyth and Bettina Cass (eds), *The Australian Way: Economic Restructuring and Social Intervention*, Cambridge University Press, 1997.

‘Standing Against the Stream: Women, Religion and Social Action’, various papers published in *Australian Feminist Studies* and *Women’s History Review* (UK and USA), 1998.

Clive Hamilton and David Throsby (eds), *The ESD Process: Evaluating a Policy Experiment*, published by ASSA and Graduate Program in Public Policy, ANU, 1998, pp 127.

Ian O’Connor, Paul Smyth and Jeni Warburton (eds), *Contemporary Perspectives on Social Work and the Human Services*, Addison Wesley Longman, 1999.

Proposals for new workshops are warmly welcomed. However it should be noted that resources are in reality quite limited, and proposals outside the Guidelines cannot be funded. Copies of Guidelines for Workshops are available from the Secretariat to anyone wishing to suggest a workshop.

**Peter Saunders, Chair, Workshop Committee**

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The workshop report *The ESD Process: Evaluating a Policy Experiment* is available on request from the Secretariat.

## INTERNATIONAL PROGRAM

The Academy's international program priorities include establishing relations in the Asia-Pacific region, the European Union and the former Soviet bloc. There is now a strong possibility that a suitable agreement can be made with the newly formed British Association of Learned Societies in the Social Sciences. Discussions were held in May at the House of Lords in London between the Association's president, Lord Plant, and Professor Gale and myself on behalf of our Academy. Details are reported in *Dialogue* 3/1999. Professor Gale also initiated contact with the Social Science Research Council in New York and the American Academy of Arts and Sciences in Cambridge (Mass.). In August she gave a keynote address to a Royal Society of New Zealand workshop, continuing our close relationship with that society.

At present the Academy has unfunded arrangements with other similar institutions as follows:

- Austrian Academy of Sciences: a draft memorandum of understanding has been exchanged and further developments have been considered by the National Academies Forum, with which the Austrians prefer to negotiate.
- Chilean Academy of Social Sciences: a memorandum of understanding was signed in 1995.
- Czech Academy of Science has entered into an agreement and was visited by Professor Groenewegen in 1999.
- Royal Danish Academy of Sciences and Letters: a memorandum was signed in 1995 and the Academy has been visited by Dr Jupp and Professor MacLeod.
- Academy of Finland; a memorandum was signed in 1991 and the Academy was visited by Professor MacLeod in 1998.
- Maison des Sciences de l'Homme, France; a memorandum was signed in 1997.
- The Conference of German Academies has entered into an agreement.
- Hungarian Academy of Sciences; a memorandum was signed in 1995 and was visited by Professor Groenewegen in 1999.
- Indonesian Institute of Sciences (LIPI); draft memoranda were exchanged during 1998 and await signature.

- Korean Social Science Research Council; a memorandum was signed in 1997.
- Lithuanian Academy of Sciences; a memorandum was signed in 1994.
- Macedonian Academy of Sciences and Arts; a memorandum was signed in 1995 and was visited by Dr Jupp in 1999 and reported in *Dialogue* 3/1999.
- Philippine Social Science Council; a memorandum was signed late in 1997.
- Polish Academy of Sciences; a memorandum was signed in 1996 and regular contact is maintained by Professor Smolicz.
- Academia Sinica of the Republic of China, Taiwan; a memorandum was signed in 1994.

The three funded agreements continue to be utilised by scholars from both sides. They are with:

- the Chinese Academy of the Social Sciences (see below);
- the Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences - \$3000 from ASSA and \$3000 from the Australian Academy of the Humanities (AAH);
- the National Council for the Social Sciences of Vietnam - \$3000 from ASSA and \$3000 from AAH.

During the year the Australia-China exchange scheme agreement was signed for another three years terminating in November 2000. However, for financial reasons it has proved necessary to renegotiate this agreement, from which the Academy of the Humanities has now withdrawn. The International Relations Committee, at its meeting of 17 March, agreed to seek the approval of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences to reduce the scope of the program. This would commit ASSA to an outlay equivalent to \$6000, limit the new agreement to one year in the first instance, and seek exchanges with active researchers at postdoctoral level. These changes were agreed to by the Executive and by CASS. Their effect will be to change the program from one of 'exchange' to one with a greater emphasis on 'scholarship'.

A group of senior Chinese scholars from CASS visited Australia from 7 to 22 May at the expense of CASS but with our co-operation in arranging their program. This included Professor



Wang Renzhi, vice-president of CASS, three from the CASS Centre for Environment and one other. They visited Sydney, Adelaide and Canberra to discuss sustainable development. While in Canberra Professor Wang presented a workshop paper on China's water strategy at the conference of the Bureau of Rural Sciences. The visit also allowed discussion to take place on the proposed new agreement between CASS and ourselves.

The Australia-Vietnam agreement was renegotiated between the Academies of Social Science and the Humanities and the National Centre for the Social Sciences and Humanities of Vietnam on 1 April 1998. This agreement has now been signed.

Two Australian scholars were accepted under the Netherlands exchange scheme for 1999. Reports from exchange scholars to the Netherlands have been published in issues of *Dialogue* during the year.

Regional distribution of these agreements, including those being negotiated, is:

- Asia-Pacific - two funded and five unfunded;
- European Union - one funded and five unfunded;
- Former Soviet Bloc - five unfunded

The establishment of personal links with counterparts in Britain, the United States and New Zealand has been a major achievement this year. A priority for the future should be to continue to negotiate for agreements with Japan, India and Russia and possibly with South Africa. These are all major players in international social sciences. At present the Japan Society for the Promotion of Science prefer to deal with the Academy of Science rather than with ourselves directly. This reflects the problem, found elsewhere, that social scientists are frequently to be found in much broader academies than our own. An alternative link is being sought with the Japan Science Council. An exchange of publications has been made with the Russian Academy of Science. Professor Groenewegen has held discussions on our behalf with the Accademia Nazionale dei Lincei in Italy.

Academy Fellows visiting any of the above-mentioned countries are invited to seek further information on our relevant counterparts

from the Academy secretariat. Anyone visiting a country of interest to us is invited to approach the relevant Academy with information about our activities which the secretariat will be only too willing to provide. Most of our agreements have resulted from initial informal contact, which is much more fruitful than correspondence.

The Academy maintains its affiliation to the Association of Asian Social Science Research Councils (AASSREC). The 13th biennial conference of AASSREC was held in Seoul and was attended by Professor Gale on behalf of the Academy in October 1999.

The Academy presented a paper within the overall theme of 'Reflections on Development and Sustainability'. The AASSREC connection continues to be fruitful in terms of maintaining links with Asian academies and is virtually cost-free to the Academy. The Academy, through the National Academies Forum, is also an affiliate of the Pacific Science Association which held its 19th Congress in Sydney in July, 1999. The theme was 'Science for Pacific Posterity: Environment, Resources and Welfare of the Pacific Peoples'. Several members of the Academy featured as speakers.

The International Relations Committee and the Executive Committee have considered whether to affiliate to the International Social Science Council, which is an UNESCO-recognised body. The Executive at its meeting of 28 July considered this to be a more appropriate body than the International Federation of Social Science Organisations (IFSSO). Discussions have been held in Paris at UNESCO by Mr Ian Castles with the secretary-general of ISSC, Dr Kosinski.

Future relations with other academies will continue to be based on the following criteria agreed by the Academy Executive last year:

- That the focus remain on the Asia-Pacific, the European Union and the former Soviet bloc;
- That the following criteria also be applied (which are unlikely to apply to all cases at all times);
  - that there should be a well established academy for social scientists or containing a section for social scientists;

- that free exchange of ideas should be possible with us and within the society concerned;
- that a body of reputable social science work has been produced within the other society;
- that there are already links between Fellows of our Academy and the society concerned;
- that the work of corresponding societies should, in part, be conducted in English;
- that there are strong links with the other society based on the presence in Australia of appropriate ethnic groups; and
- that Australia has strong economic, diplomatic or political interests in the other society.

The Academy now has a good network of contacts within the three priority regions, as well as many informal connections in the English-speaking world. This helps to fulfill our obligation to government and our constitutional objectives which include 'to promote scholarly co-operation and to act as an Australian national member of international organisations concerned with the social sciences'. This objective is difficult to achieve within our present funding arrangements, which are much less generous in this area than for the Academy of Science. The secretariat has made frequent approaches to DETYA and DFAT to remedy this shortfall but without significant improvement. Australia has a poor record in 'cultural diplomacy' and government does not seem to appreciate the need to maintain contacts not directly related to trading opportunities. While there are prospects for expanding a number of unfunded agreements, we cannot expect academies overseas to take any more of the financial burden than we are prepared to meet. Mutual exchanges undoubtedly benefit Australian social scientists but the cost and distances involved make our current programs much less effective than is desirable. Fellows should appreciate that without additional funding our program must remain limited.

**James Jupp, Chair, International Relations Committee**

## THE FELLOWSHIP

### FELLOWS OF THE ACADEMY

The Constitution of the Academy states that *'persons who are deemed to have achieved distinction in one or more branches of the social sciences may be elected as Fellows of the Academy if (i) they are nominated by one Fellow and seconded by one other Fellow; (ii) they are recommended by the Membership Committee after investigation of their eligibility; and (iii) they receive the support of either fifty percent of the total membership or seventy-five percent of those Fellows voting at a postal ballot'*.

Eleven new Fellows were elected in 1999. They are:

**Dr Jock Anderson**, Rural Development Department, World Bank, Washington DC;

**Associate Professor Verity Burgmann**, Department of Political Science; University of Melbourne;

**Associate Professor Moira Gatens**, School of Philosophy; University of Sydney;

**Professor Annette Hamilton**, School of Behavioural Sciences, Macquarie University;

**Professor Michael Hogg**, School of Psychology, University of Queensland;

**Dr Margaret Jolly**, Research School of Pacific and Asian Studies, Australian National University;

**Professor Marilyn Lake**, Professor of History and Women's Studies, La Trobe University;

**Professor Russell Lansbury**, Professor of Industrial Relations, University of Sydney;

**Associate Professor Robert Manne**, Department of Politics, La Trobe University;

**Associate Professor Henry Reynolds**, Department of History and Politics, James Cook University; and

**Professor Patricia Springborg**, Department of Government, University of Sydney.

At November 1999 there were 350 Fellows of the Academy including newly elected, Honorary and overseas Fellows.

## FELLOWS OF THE ACADEMY

**AITKIN**, Donald Alexander. MA (New England), PhD (Australian National University). 1975. Panel C.

**ALLEN**, Michael Richard. BA (Dublin), PhD (Australian National University). 1981. Panel A.

**ALLARS**, Margaret. BA (Hons) LLB (Hons) (University of Sydney), DPhil (Oxon). 1998. Panel C.

**ANDERSON**, Jonathan. BA, MEd (Queensland), PhD, DipCompSc (New England), FACE, FACS. 1995. Panel D.

**ANDERSON**, Kym. BAgEc (Hons) (New England), MEc (Adelaide), MA (Chicago), MA, PhD (Stanford). 1994. Panel B.

**ANDRICH**, David. BSc, MEd (Western Australia), PhD (Chicago). 1990. Panel D.

**ANDREWS**, Sally. BA (Hons) (UNSW), PhD (UNSW). 1998. Panel D.

**APPLEYARD**, Reginald Thomas. BA (Western Australia), MA, PhD (Duke). 1967. Panel B.

**APPS**, Patricia. PhD (Cambridge). 1994. Panel C.

**AUSTIN-BROOS**, Diane. BA, MA (Australian National University), MA, PhD (Chicago). 1990. Panel A.

**BARNES**, John Arundel. DSC, FBA, MA (Cambridge), DPhil (Oxford). Emeritus Professor (Sociology), University of Cambridge. 1957. Panel A.

**BEAUMONT**, Joan Errington. BA (Hons) (Adelaide), PhD (London). 1997. Panel C.

**BECKETT**, Jeremy. BA (University College, London), MA, PhD (Australian National University). 1995. Panel A.

**BEILHARZ**, Peter Michael. BA, Dip Ed (Rusden College), PhD (Monash). 1997. Panel A.

**BELL**, Coral Mary. BA (Sydney), MSc (Econ), PhD (London). 1981. Panel C.

**BEWLEY**, Ronald Anthony. BA (Sheffield), PhD (UNSW). 1995. Panel B.

**BIRD ROSE**, Deborah. BA (University of Delaware USA), MA, PhD (Bryn Mawr College, USA). 1997. Panel A.

**BLAINEY**, Geoffrey Norman. AO, MA (Melbourne). 1970. Panel C.

**BLANDY**, Richard John. BEc (Adelaide), MA, PhD (Columbia). 1981. Panel B.

- BLEWETT**, Neal. BA (Hons), DipEd (Tasmania), MA, D.Phil (Oxford). 1998. Panel C.
- BOLTON**, Geoffrey Curgenven. AO, MA, DPhil (Oxford), FAHA, HonDUniv (Murdoch). 1976. Panel C.
- BOND**, Nigel William. BSc (Hons), PhD (Nottingham, UK). 1995. Panel D.
- BORRIE**, Wilfred David. CBE, MA (New Zealand), HonDLitt (Tasmania), HonDSc Econ (Sydney), HonLLD (Australian National University). 1950. Panel A.
- BOSWORTH**, Richard James Boon. MA (Sydney), PhD (Cambridge). 1995. Panel C.
- BOTTOMLEY**, Gillian. BA (Hons) (Sydney), PhD (Macquarie). 1994. Panel A.
- BOXER**, Alan Howard. BA (Melbourne), BPhil (Oxford). 1975. Panel B.
- BRADLEY**, David. AB (Magna cum Laude) (Columbia), PhD (London). 1993. Panel A.
- BRADSHAW**, Johnson Lockyer. MA (Oxford), PhD (Sheffield), DSc (Monash), FBPsS. 1987. Panel D.
- BRENNAN**, H Geoffrey. BEc, PhD (Australian National University). 1985. Panel B.
- BRETT**, Judith. BA (Hons) (Melb), Dip Social Anth (Oxford), PhD (Melb). 1998. Panel C.
- BROOKFIELD**, Harold Chillingworth. BA, PhD (London). 1977. Panel A.
- BROOM**, Dorothy Howard. BA (Carelton College), MA (U. Illinois), PhD (Australian National University). 1997. Panel A.
- BROOM**, Leonard. AM (Boston), PhD (Duke), HonDSc (Boston). Emeritus Professor (Sociology) Australian National University. 1972. Panel A.
- BROWN**, Philip Ronald. BCom (New South Wales), MBA, PhD (Chicago). 1979. Panel B.
- BROWN**, Robert Richard. BA (New Mexico), PhD (London), FAHA. 1973. Panel C.
- BRYAN**, Harrison. AO, MA (Queensland), HonLLD (Monash, Queensland), HonDLitt (Sydney), FLAA. 1980. Panel C.
- BRYSON**, Lois. BA Dip SocStud DipE (Melb) PhD (Monash). 1998. Panel A.
- BYRNE**, Donald Glenn. BA(Hons), PhD (Adelaide), FAPsS. 1995. Panel D.

- CALDWELL**, John Charles. AO, BA (New England), PhD (Australian National University). 1972. Panel A.
- CAMPBELL**, Enid Mona. OBE, LLB, BEc (Tasmania), PhD (Duke), HonLLD (Tasmania). 1972. Panel C.
- CAMPBELL**, Keith Oliver. BScAgr (Sydney), MPA (Harvard), MA, PhD (Chicago), HonDEc (New England), HonDScAgr (Sydney), FAIAS. Emeritus Professor (Agricultural Economics). 1964. Panel B.
- CAMPBELL**, Tom D. BA (Oxon), MA, PhD (Glasgow), FRSE. 1994. Panel C.
- CASS**, Bettina. AO, BA (New South Wales), PhD (New South Wales). 1989. Panel A.
- CASTLES**, Stephen. MA (Sussex), D.Phil (Sussex). 1997. Panel A.
- CASTLES**, Francis G. BA (Leeds), LittD (Leeds). 1994. Panel C.
- CASTLES**, Ian. AO, BCom (Melbourne). 1989. Panel B.
- CHAMBERS**, Raymond John. AO, BEc, DScEcon (Sydney), Hon DSc (Newcastle), Hon DSc (Wollongong), HonLLD (Deakin). 1964. Panel B.
- CHAPMAN**, Bruce. BEc (Australian National University), PhD (Yale). 1993. Panel B.
- CHISHOLM**, Anthony Hewlings. B Agr Sc (New Zealand), M Agr Sc (Massey), PhD (Australian National University). 1997. Panel B.
- CLARK**, Gordon Leslie. BEc, MA (Monash), MA (Oxford) PhD (McMaster). 1993. Panel A.
- CLEGG**, Stewart Roger. BSc (Hons) (Aston), PhD (Bradford). 1988. Panel A.
- CLEMENTS**, Kenneth. BEc (Hons) MEc (Monash), PhD (Chicago). 1998. Panel B.
- CLYNE**, Michael George. AM, MA (Melbourne), PhD (Monash). DrPhil hc (Munich), FAHA. 1982. Panel A.
- COLTHEART**, Max. BA, MA, PhD (Sydney). 1988. Panel D.
- CONNELL**, William Fraser. OBE, MA, MEd (Melbourne), MA (Illinois), PhD, DLit (London), Honorary Member AARE. Emeritus Professor (Education), The University of Sydney. 1964. Panel D.
- CONNELL**, Robert William. BA (Hons) (Melbourne), PhD (Sydney). 1996. Panel A.
- CORDEN**, Warner Max. MCom (Melbourne), PhD (London), MA (Oxford), HonDCom (Melbourne). FBA. 1977. Panel B.
- CORNES**, Richard Charles. Bsc (Hons), MSc (Southampton), PhD (Australian National University). 1994. Panel B.

**COWEN**, The Right Honourable Sir Zelman. AK, GCMG, GCVO, GCOMRI, QC, FRSA (Hon), FAHA, FTS, FACE, FRSA, FRAIA, FRACP, FASA, FRACMA, FRACOG, FCA, FACRM, FANZAAS, BA, LLM (Melbourne), MA, DCL (Oxford), HonLLD (Hong Kong, Queensland, Melbourne, Western Australia, Turin, Australian National University, Tasmania, Victoria University of Technology), HonDLitt (New England, Sydney, James Cook University of North Queensland, Oxford), HonDHL (University of Redlands, California and Hebrew Union College-Jewish Institute of Religion, Cincinnati), HonDUniv (Newcastle, Griffith, University of Sunshine Coast, Queensland), HonDPhil (Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Tel Aviv). Fellow *1952*, Honorary Fellow *1977*. Panel C.

**CRAWFORD**, Patricia M. BA (Melbourne), MA, PhD (Western Australia). *1993*. Panel C.

**CREEDY**, John. BSc (Bristol), BPhil (Oxford). *1989*. Panel B.

**CRITTENDEN**, Brian Stephen. MA (Sydney), PhD (Illinois). *1979*. Panel D.

**CURTHOYS**, Ann. BA (Hons) (Sydney) Dip Ed (Sydney Teachers College), PhD (Macquarie). *1997*. Panel C.

**DAVIS**, Solomon Rufus. LLB (Western Australia), PhD (London). Barrister-at-Law (Victoria). Emeritus Professor, Monash University (Politics). *1962*. Panel C.

**DAVISON**, Graeme John. BA, DipEd (Melbourne), BA (Oxford), PhD (Australian National University), FAHA. *1985*. Panel C.

**DAY**, Ross Henry. BSc (Western Australia), PhD (Bristol), DUniv (La Trobe), FAPsS, FAA. *1967*. Panel D.

**DENING**, Gregory Moore. MA (Melbourne, Harvard), PhD (Harvard), DLitt (Hons) La Trobe, FRHSV. *1983*. Panel C.

**DILLON**, John Louis. BScAgr (Sydney), PhD (Iowa), DScAgr(hc) (Kiel), DAgEc (hc) (Sydney), DEc (hc) (New England), FAIAS, FAAEA. *1975*. Panel B.

**DIXON**, Peter Bishop. BEc (Monash), AM, PhD (Harvard). *1982*. Panel B.

**DOWRICK**, Stephen. BA (Hons) (Cambridge), PhD (Warwick). *1996*. Panel B.

**DRYSDALE**, Peter David. BA (New England), PhD (Australian National University). *1989*. Panel B.

**DRYZEK**, John Stanley. BA (Hons) (University of Lancaster), M Sc (University of Strathclyde), PhD (University of Maryland). *1997*. Panel C.



- EDWARDS**, Harold ('Harry') Raymond. BA (Sydney), DPhil (Oxford), HonDLitt (Macquarie), FAIM. 1964. Panel B.
- EDWARDS**, Meredith. AM, B.Comm (Melbourne), PhD (Australian National University). 1994. Panel B.
- ELKINS**, John. BSc, DipEd, BEd, PhD (Queensland), FACE. 1996. Panel D.
- ETHERINGTON**, Norman Alan. BA, MA, MPhil, PhD (Yale). Professor of History, The University of Western Australia, Nedlands, WA 6907. 1993. Panel C.
- ETZIONI-HALEVY**, Eva. BA (Hebrew University), PhD (Tel-Aviv). 1987. Panel A.
- EVATT**, Elizabeth. AC, LLB (Sydney), LLM (Harvard). 1994. Panel C.
- FEATHER**, Norman Thomas. BA, DipEd (Sydney), MA (New England), PhD (Michigan). FAPsS. 1970. Panel D.
- FENSHAM**, Peter James. AM, MSc (Melbourne), DipEd (Monash), PhD (Bristol, Cambridge). 1985. Panel D.
- FINN**, Paul Desmond. BA, LLB (Queensland), LLM (London), PhD (Cambridge). 1990. Panel C.
- FISHER**, Brian Stanley. PhD (Sydney). 1995. Panel B.
- FISK**, Ernest Kelvin. MA (Oxford), LittD (Australian National University). 1974. Panel B.
- FORBES**, Dean Keith. BA (Flinders), MA (UPNG), PhD (Monash). 1994. Panel A.
- FORD**, Harold Arthur John. AM, LLM (Melbourne), SJD (Harvard), Hon LLD (Melbourne). 1977. Panel C.
- FORGAS**, Joseph Paul. BA (Macquarie), DPhil, DSc (Oxford). 1987. Panel D.
- FORSTER**, Kenneth I. MA (Melbourne), PhD (Illinois). 1984. Panel D.
- FOX**, James J. AB (Harvard), BLitt, DPhil (Oxford), KNAW (Kon.Ned Akademie van Wetenschappen). 1992. Panel A.
- FRASER**, Barry. BSc (Melbourne), Dip Ed, BEd, PhD (Monash). 1997. Panel D.
- FREEBAIRN**, John W. BAgEc, MAgEc (New England), PhD (California, Davis). 1991. Panel B.
- FREEMAN**, John Derek. PhD (Cambridge), DipAnthrop (London). Emeritus Professor (Anthropology). 1973. Panel A.
- GALE**, Gwendoline Fay. AO, BA, PhD, DUniv (Adelaide), HonDLitt (UWA). 1978. Panel A.

- GALLIGAN**, Brian. B. Comm, BEc (University of Queensland), MA, PhD (University of Toronto). 1998. Panel C.
- GAMMAGE**, William Leonard. BA, PhD (The Australian National University). 1995. Panel C.
- GARNAUT**, Ross Gregory. AO, BA, PhD (Australian National University) 1991. Panel B.
- GATES**, Ronald Cecil. AO, BCom (Tasmania), MA (Oxford), HonDEcon (Queensland), HonDLitt (New England), HonFRAPI, HonFAIUS. Emeritus Professor (Economics), The University of Queensland and The University of New England. 1968. Panel B.
- GEFFEN**, Gina Malke. BA (Rand), PhD (Monash) 1990. Panel D.
- GILBERT**, Alan D. BA, MA (Australian National University), DPhil (Oxford), DLitt (Hon) (University of Tasmania). 1990. Panel C.
- GILL**, Graeme. BA (Hons), MA (Monash), PhD (London). 1994. Panel C.
- GILLAM**, Barbara. BA (Sydney), PhD (Australian National University). 1994. Panel D.
- GLOW**, Peter Helmut. BA (Melbourne), PhD (London). 1974. Panel D.
- GOODIN**, Robert Edward. BA (Indiana), DPhil (Oxon). 1990. Panel C.
- GOODNOW**, Jacqueline Jarrett. AC, BA (Sydney), PhD (Harvard), DSc (Macquarie). 1976. Panel D.
- GRANT**, John McBain. MEc (Adelaide), DipEc (Cambridge). 1975. Panel B.
- GRAYCAR**, Adam. BA, PhD, DLitt (UNSW). 1998. Panel A.
- GREGORY**, Robert George. AO, BCom (Melbourne), PhD (London). 1979. Panel B.
- GREGSON**, Robert Anthony Mills. BSc (Eng) (Nottingham), BSc, PhD (London), DSc (ANU), FAPsS, FBPsS, FNZPsS, FSS. 1989. Panel D.
- GREIG**, Donald Westlake. MA, LLB (Cambridge), LLD (Australian National University), Barrister Middle Temple and Supreme Court of New South Wales, Register of Practitioners of the High Court and Federal Court of Australia. 1992. Panel C.
- GRIFFITHS**, William Edward. BAgEc (New England), PhD (Illinois). 1995. Panel B.
- GRIMSHAW**, Patricia Ann. BA, MA (Auckland), PhD (Melbourne). 1992. Panel C.

**GROENEWEGEN**, Peter Diderik. MEd (Sydney), PhD (London). 1982. Panel B.

**HAAKONSSSEN**, Knud. CandArt, MagArt (Copenhagen), PhD (Edinburgh). Dr.Phil (Copenhagen). Foreign Member, Royal Danish Academy of Sciences and Letters. 1992. Panel C.

**HAGGER**, Alfred James. BCom (Melbourne), PhD (London). 1980. Panel B.

**HALFORD**, Graeme Sydney. MA (New England), PhD (Newcastle). FAPsS. 1986. Panel D.

**HANCOCK**, Keith Jackson. AO, BA (Melbourne), PhD (London), HonDLitt (Flinders), Honorary Fellow (LSE). 1968. Panel B.

**HARCOURT**, Geoffrey Colin. AO, MCom (Melbourne), PhD (Cambridge), Litt D (Cambridge) Litt D (Honorary, De Montfort University). 1971. Panel B.

**HARDING**, Ann. BEc (Hons) (Sydney), PhD (London). 1996. Panel B.

**HARRIS**, Stuart Francis. AO, BEc (Sydney), PhD (Australian National University). 1982. Panel B.

**HASSAN**, Riaz Ul. BA (Punjab), MA (Dacca), PhD (Ohio State). Professor (Sociology). 1996. Panel A.

**HEAD**, John Graeme. BEc (Adelaide), BPhil (Oxford). 1982. Panel B.

**HEATHCOTE**, Ronald Leslie. BA (London), MA (Nebraska), PhD (Australian National University). 1981. Panel A.

**HENSHER**, David Alan. BCom (Hons), PhD (NSW). 1995. Panel B.

**HIATT**, Lester Richard. BDS, BA (Sydney), PhD (Australian National University). 1974. Panel A.

**HIGMAN**, Barry William. BA (Sydney), PhD (Hist) (University of the West Indies), PhD (Geog) (Liverpool). 1997. Panel C.

**HINDESS**, Barry. BA (Oxford), MA, PhD (Liverpool). 1990. Panel C.

**HIRST**, John Bradley. BA, PhD (Adelaide). 1986. Panel C.

**HOLMES**, Leslie Templeman. BA (Hull), MA PhD (Essex). 1995. Panel C.

**HOLTON**, Robert John. BA, DPhil (Sussex). 1995. Panel A.

**HUGHES**, Colin Anfield. MA (Columbia), PhD (London). 1976. Panel C.

**HUGHES**, Helen. AO, MA (Melbourne), PhD (London), Hon LLD (La Trobe). 1985. Panel B.

- HUGO**, Graeme John. BA (Adelaide), MA (Flinders), PhD (Australian National University). 1987. Panel A.
- HUMPHREYS**, Michael S. BA (Reed College), PhD (Stanford University). 1991. Panel D.
- INGLIS**, Kenneth Stanley. MA (Melbourne), DPhil (Oxford). Emeritus Professor (History) The Australian National University. 1975. Panel C.
- INNES**, John Michael. MA (University of Aberdeen), PhD (Birmingham). 1997. Panel D.
- IRVINE**, Dexter Robert Francis. BA(Hons) (Sydney), PhD (Monash). 1996. Panel D.
- ISAAC**, Joseph Ezra. AO, BA, BCom (Melbourne), PhD (London), HonDEcon (Monash), Honorary Fellow, LSE. 1971. Panel B.
- JACKSON**, Frank. BA, BSc (Melbourne), PhD (La Trobe). FAHA, MembInstInt de Phil. 1998. Panel C.
- JALLAND**, Patricia. BA (Bristol), PGCE (London), MA, PhD (Toronto), FRHistS. 1988. Panel C.
- JARRETT**, Francis George. BScAgr (Sydney), PhD (Iowa). Emeritus Professor (Economics), The University of Adelaide. 1976. Panel B.
- JONES**, Eric Lionel. BA (Nott), MA, DPhil, DLitt (Oxon). 1990. Panel B.
- JONES**, Frank Lancaster. BA (Sydney), PhD (Australian National University). 1974. Panel A.
- JONES**, Gavin W. BA (New England), PhD (Australian National University). 1983. Panel A.
- JONSON**, Peter David. BComm (Melbourne), MA (Melbourne), PhD (London School of Economics). 1989. Panel B.
- JORM**, Anthony Francis. BA (Queensland), MPsychol, PhD (New South Wales), GDipComp (Deakin), DSc (Australian National University). 1994. Panel D.
- JUPP**, James. MSc(Econ) (London), PhD (London). 1989. Panel C.
- KAHN**, Joel Simmons. BA (Cornell), MPhil (London School of Economics and Political Science). 1995. Panel A.
- KAPFERER**, Bruce. BA (Sydney), PhD (Manchester). Fellow, Center for Advanced Studies in Behavioural Sciences, Palo Alto, California. 1981. Panel A.
- KARMEL**, Peter Henry. AC, CBE, BA (Melbourne), PhD (Cambridge), PhD ad eundem gradum (Adelaide), HonLLD (Papua New Guinea, Melbourne, Queensland, ANU), HonDLitt (Flinders,

Murdoch, Macquarie), DUniv (Newcastle), FACE. 1952. Honorary Fellow 1986, President 1987-90. Panel B.

**KEATING**, Michael, AC, BCom (Hons) (Melbourne), PhD (Australian National University). 1995. Panel B.

**KEATS**, John Augustus. BSc (Adelaide), BA (Melbourne), AM, PhD (Princeton). 1978. Panel D.

**KEEVES**, John Philip. BSc (Adelaide), DipEd (Oxford), MEd (Melbourne), PhD (Australian National University), fil dr (Stockholm), FACE. 1977. Panel D.

**KELLY**, Paul. BA, Dip Ed (Sydney), Doctor of the University (Griffith). 1997. Panel C.

**KENDIG**, Hal. BA (California, Davis), MPL, PhD (Southern California). 1989. Panel A.

**KING**, Maxwell Leslie. BSc (Hons), MCom, PhD (University of Canterbury). 1997. Panel B.

**KINGSTON**, Beverley Rhonda. BA (Queensland), PhD (Monash). 1994. Panel C.

**KIRBY**, Michael Donald. AC, CMG, BA, LL.M, BEc (Sydney), Hon DLitt (Newcastle, NSW and Ulster), Hon LLD (Macquarie, Sydney and Ntl LS India). Justice of the High Court of Australia 1996-; President, International Commission of Jurists 1995-98; Member, UNESCO International Bioethics Committee 1996-; formerly President, Court of Appeal of Solomon Islands 1995-6; Member, WHO Global Commission on AIDS 1988-91; and Special Representative of UN Secretary-General for Cambodia 1994-6. Honorary Fellow 1996. Panel C.

**KIRSNER**, Paul Kim. BComm(Melbourne), BSc (London), PhD (London). 1997. Panel D.

**LEGGE**, John David. AO, BA, MA (Melbourne), DPhil (Oxford), HonDLitt (Monash). Emeritus Professor (History), Monash University. 1964. Panel C.

**LEWIS**, Mervyn Keith. BEc, PhD (Adelaide). 1986. Panel B.

**LINGE**, Godfrey James Rutherford. BSc (Econ) (London), PhD (New Zealand). 1986. Panel A.

**LLOYD**, Peter John. MA (Victoria University of Wellington), PhD (Duke). 1979. Panel B.

**LOGAN**, Malcolm Ian, AC, BA, DipEd, PhD (Sydney). 1973. Panel A.

**LONGWORTH**, John William. HDA (Western Sydney), BScAgr, PhD (Sydney), FAIAS. 1992. Panel B.

**LOVEDAY**, Peter. BA, PhD (Sydney). 1977. Panel C.

**LOVIBOND**, Sydney Harold. BA (Melbourne), MA, PhD, AUA, (Adelaide). Emeritus Professor (Psychology), The University of New South Wales. 1972. Panel D.

**LOW**, Donald Anthony. MA, DPhil (Oxford), PhD, LittD (Cambridge), FAHA, FRHistS. 1975. Panel C.

**MacDONAGH**, Oliver Ormond Gerard. MA (National University of Ireland), MA, PhD (Cambridge), HonDLitt (Flinders), HonDLitt (Sydney), HonDLitt (National University of Ireland), Hon Fellow, St Catharine's College, Cambridge, Barrister-at-Law (King's Inns, Dublin), FBA, FAHA, (Hon) MRIA. Emeritus Professor, The Australian National University. 1965. Panel C.

**MACFARLANE**, Ian. BEc (Hons), MEc (Monash). 1998. Panel B.

**MACINTYRE**, Stuart Forbes. BA (Melbourne), MA (Monash), PhD (Cambridge). 1987. Panel C.

**MACKIE**, James Austin Copland. BA (Melbourne), MA (Oxford). Emeritus Professor, The Australian National University. 1976. Panel C.

**MacLEOD**, Roy Malcolm. AB (Harvard), PhD (Cambridge), FRHistS, FSA. Professor (History). 1996. Panel C.

**MADDOCK**, Kenneth James. LLB (New Zealand), MA (Auckland), PhD (Sydney). 1986. Panel A.

**MADDOX**, William. BA, MA (Sydney) BScEcon, MSc (London) DipEd (Sydney). 1998. Panel C.

**MANDERSON**, Lenore Hilda. BA (Asian Studies) (Hons), PhD (Australian National University). 1995. Panel A.

**MANN**, Leon. MA, DipSocSt (Melbourne), PhD (Yale), FAPsS. 1975. Panel D.

**MARCEAU**, Felicity Jane. BA (London), PhD (Cambridge). 1989. Panel A.

**MARJORIBANKS**, Kevin. BSc (New South Wales), BA (New England), MEd (Harvard), PhD (Toronto), FSS, FACE. 1982. Panel D.

**MARSH**, Herbert. BA (Hons) (Indiana), MA, PhD (UCLA). DSc (UWS). 1994. Panel D.

**MARTIN**, Allan William, AM. MA, DipEd (Sydney), PhD (Australian National University), FAHA. 1967. Panel C.

**MASON**, The Honourable Sir Anthony. AC, KBE, BA, LLB, HonLLD (Sydney), HonLLD (Australian National University),

HonLLD (Melbourne), HonLLD (Griffith), HonLLD (Monash), Hon DCL (Oxford). 1989. Panel C.

**MATHEWS**, Russell Lloyd. AO, CBE, BCom (Melbourne). Emeritus Professor (Economics), The Australian National University . 1959. Panel B.

**McALEER**, Michael. BEc(Hons), MEc (Monash), PhD (Queen's, Canada). 1996. Panel B.

**McALLISTER**, Ian. BA (Hons) (CNAAB), MSc, PhD (Strathclyde). 1992. Panel C.

**McBRIAR**, Alan Marne. BA (Melbourne), DPhil (Oxford), FRHisS. Emeritus Professor (History), Monash University. 1974. Panel C.

**McCALMAN**, Iain Duncan. BA, MA (Australian National University), PhD (Monash). 1992. Panel C.

**McCONKEY**, Kevin Malcolm. BA (Hons), PhD (Queensland), FAPS, FAmericanPA, FAmericanPS. 1996. Panel D.

**McDONALD**, Ian Martin. BA (Leicester), MA (Warwick), PhD (Simon Fraser). 1991. Panel B.

**McDONALD**, John. BSc (Econ) (London), MA Econ (Essex), MSc Stats (Southampton), PhD (Essex). 1993. Panel B.

**McDONALD**, Roderick Peter. BA, MSc (Sydney), PhD (New England), DSc (Macquarie), FAPsS, FRSS. 1981. Panel D.

**McDONALD**, Peter. B.Com (Hons) (UNSW), PhD (ANU). 1998. Panel A.

**McGEE**, Terence Gary. MA, PhD (Victoria University of Wellington). Killam Research Fellow (1997). 1975. Panel A.

**McGAW**, Barry. BSc, BEd (Queensland), MEd, PhD (Illinois), FACE, FAPS. 1984. Panel D.

**McKENZIE**, Beryl Edith. BA (Melbourne), PhD (Monash). Emeritus Professor (Psychology). 1993. Panel D.

**McKIBBIN**, Warwick. BComm (Hons) (University of New South Wales), AM (Harvard), PhD (Harvard). 1997. Panel B.

**McNICOLL**, Geoffrey. BSc (Melbourne), MA, PhD (California, Berkeley). 1993. Panel A.

**MELVILLE**, Sir Leslie Galfreid. KBE, CBE, BEc (Sydney), HonLLD (Toronto, Australian National University), HonDSc (Econ) (Sydney). Honorary Fellow, The Australian National University. 1943. Honorary Fellow 1979. Panel B.

**MILBOURNE**, Ross David. BCom, MCom (NSW), PhD (UC Berkeley). 1994. Panel B.

- MILLER**, John Donald Bruce. MEd (Sydney), MA (Cambridge). Emeritus Professor (International Relations), The Australian National University. 1967. Panel C.
- MILLER**, Paul William. BEd (Hons) (University of New England), MEd (Australian National University), DPhil (Australian National University). 1997. Panel B.
- MILNER**, Anthony Crothers. BA (Monash), MA, PhD (Cornell). 1995. Panel C.
- MONRO**, David Hector. MA (New Zealand). FAHA. Emeritus Professor, Monash University (Philosophy). 1964. Panel C.
- MORISON**, William Loutit. BA, LLB (Sydney), DPhil (Oxford). Emeritus Professor (Law). 1984. Panel C.
- MÜHLHÄUSLER**, Peter. BA, BA(Hons) (Stellenbosch), MPhil (Reading), PhD (Australian National University), MA (Oxon). 1992. Panel A.
- MULVEY**, Charles. MA (Aberdeen). 1998. Panel B.
- MUSGRAVE**, Peter William. MA (Cambridge), PhD (London). Emeritus Professor, Monash University (Education). 1974. Panel D.
- NEAVE**, Marcia Ann. LLB(Hons) (Melbourne). 1989. Panel C.
- NELSON**, Hank. BA, MEd (Melbourne), PhD (Papua New Guinea). 1994. Panel C.
- NEUTZE**, Graeme Max. AO, MAgrSc (New Zealand), DPhil (Oxford). 1974. Panel B.
- NEVILE**, John Warwick. BA (Western Australia), MA, PhD (California), Hon DSc (NSW). Emeritus Professor (Economics) The University of New South Wales. 1972. Panel B.
- NG**, Yew-Kwang. BCom (Nanyang), PhD (Sydney). 1981. Panel B.
- NICHOLAS**, Stephen James. BA (Syracuse University, USA), MA (University of Iowa). 1997. Panel B.
- NIEUWENHUYSEN**, John Peter. BA, BA(Hons), MA (Natal, South Africa), PhD (London). 1996. Panel B.
- NILAND**, John Rodney. AO, BCom, MCom (UNSW), PhD (Illinois). 1987. Panel B.
- NOLLER**, Patricia. BA (Hons), PhD (Queensland). 1994. Panel D.
- O'NEILL**, Robert John. AO, BE (Melbourne), MA, DPhil (Oxford). 1978. Panel C.
- OFFICER**, Robert Rupert. BAgSc (Melbourne), MAgEc (New England), MBA (Chicago), PhD (Chicago). 1988. Panel B.
- OVER**, Raymond Frederick. BA, PhD (Sydney). Emeritus Professor (Psychology), La Trobe University. 1975. Panel D.



- PAGAN**, Adrian Rodney. BEc (Queensland), PhD (Australian National University). 1986. Panel B.
- PARISH**, Ross McDonald. BSc (Sydney). PhD (Chicago), Dec (UNE). 1984. Panel B.
- PARKER**, Robert Stewart. MBE, MEc (Sydney). Emeritus Professor, (Political Science), The Australian National University. 1959. Panel C.
- PASSMORE**, John Arthur. AC, MA, HonLittD (Sydney), HonLittD (McMaster), HonDLitt (Wollongong), Hon D. Litt (ANU), FAHA, FBA. Emeritus Professor (Philosophy), The Australian National University. 1943. Panel C.
- PATEMAN**, Carole. DipEc, PolSci, MA, DPhil (Oxford). 1980. Panel C.
- PATTISON**, Philippa Eleanor. Bsc, PhD (Melbourne). 1995. Panel D.
- PAUWELS**, Anne Frieda Johanna. Licentiate Germanic Philology, Aggregaat Hoger Onderwijs (Antwerp, Belgium), MA, PhD (Monash). 1995. Panel A.
- PAXINOS**, George. BA (California), PhD (McGill), DSc (New South Wales). 1996. Panel D.
- PERKINS**, James Oliver Newton. MA, PhD (Cambridge), MCom (Melbourne). Emeritus Professor (Economics), The University of Melbourne. 1973. Panel B.
- PETERSON**, Candida. BA (Adelaide) PhD (University of California). 1997. Panel D.
- PETERSON**, Nicolas. BA (Kings College, Cambridge), PhD (Sydney). 1997. Panel A.
- PETTIT**, Philip Noel. MA (National University of Ireland), MA (Cambridge), PhD (Queen's), FAHA. 1987. Panel C.
- PIGGOTT**, John. BA (Sydney), MSc, PhD (London). 1992. Panel B.
- PILOWSKY**, Issy. AM, MB, ChB, MD (Capetown), DPM, FRANZCP, FRCPsych, FRACP. 1990. Panel D.
- PINCUS**, Jonathan James. BEc(Hons) (Queensland), MA, PhD (Stanford). 1996. Panel B.
- PLOWMAN**, David. BEc (Western Australia), MA (Melbourne), PhD (Flinders). 1994. Panel B.
- POLLARD**, Alfred Hurlstone. AO, MSc (Sydney), MSc (Econ), PhD (London), DSc, HonDLitt (Macquarie), FIA, FIAA. Emeritus Professor (Economic Statistics), Macquarie University. 1969. Panel A.
- POLLARD**, John Hurlstone. BSc (Sydney), PhD (Cambridge), FIA, FIAA. 1979. Panel A.

- POMFRET**, Richard. BA (Reading), MA (East Anglia), PhD (Simon Fraser). 1998. Panel B.
- POOLE**, Millicent Eleanor. BA, BEd (Queensland), MA (New England), PhD (La Trobe). 1992. Panel D.
- POWELL**, Alan Anthony Leslie. BScAgr, PhD (Sydney). 1973. Panel B.
- POWELL**, Joseph Michael. MA (Liverpool), PhD, DLitt (Monash). 1985. Panel A.
- POYNTER**, John Riddoch. AO, OBE, Chevalier dans l'Ordre des Palmes Academiques, MA (Oxford), BA, PhD (Melbourne). FAHA. Emeritus Professor, The University of Melbourne. 1971. Panel C.
- PRESCOTT**, John Robert Victor. BSc, MA, DipEd (Durham), PhD (London), MA (Melbourne). 1979. Panel A.
- PREST**, Wilfrid Robertson. BA (Melbourne), DPhil (Oxford), FRHistS. 1988. Panel C.
- PRICE**, Charles Archibald. AM, BA (Adelaide), MA, DPhil (Oxford). 1967. Panel A.
- PRIOR**, Margot Ruth. BMus, BA (Melbourne), MSc, PhD (Monash). 1992. Panel D.
- PUSEY**, Michael Reginald. BA (Melbourne), Doctor of Education (Harvard). 1994. Panel A.
- QUIGGIN**, John Charles. BA (Maths) (Hons), BEc (Econ) (Hons), MEc, (Australian National University), PhD (New England). 1996. Panel B.
- RAO**, DS Prasada. BA, MA (Andhra University), Dip Econometrics and Planning, PhD (Indian Statistical Institute). 1997. Panel B.
- RAPHAEL**, Beverly. AM, MB, BS, MD (Sydney), DPM (RANZCP), FRANZCP, FRCPsych, FACP. 1986. Panel D.
- REAY**, Marie Olive. MA (Sydney), PhD (Australian National University). 1977. Panel A.
- REID**, Elizabeth Anne. BA (Hons) (Australian National University), BPhil (Oxford). Honorary Fellow 1996. Panel C.
- REID**, Janice Clare. BSc (Adelaide), MA (Hawaii), MA (Stanford), PhD (Stanford). 1991. Panel A.
- RICHARDS**, Eric Stapleton. BA, PhD (Nottingham), FRHistS, FAHA. 1984. Panel C.
- RICHARDSON**, Alan. BA, DCP (Western Australia), PhD (London), FAPsS. 1981. Panel D.
- RICHARDSON**, Susan. BComm (Hons) (Melbourne), PhD (La Trobe). 1994. Panel B.

**RIGBY**, Thomas Henry Richard. MA (Melbourne), PhD (London). Professor Emeritus The Australian National University. 1971.

Panel C.

**RIMMER**, Malcolm. MA (Oxford), MA (Warwick). 1997. Panel B.

**RIMMER**, Peter James. BA (Hons), MA (Manchester), PhD (Canterbury), Grad Cert Education (Cambridge). 1992. Panel A.

**RITCHIE**, John Douglas. BA (Hons) Dip Ed (Melbourne), PhD (Australian National University), FRHistS, FAHA, HonFRAHS. 1997. Panel C.

**ROE**, Jillian Isobel. BA (Adelaide), MA (Australian National University). 1991. Panel C.

**ROSENTHAL**, Doreen. BA (Hons), PhD (Melbourne). 1998.

Panel D.

**RUBINSTEIN**, William David. BA, MA (Swarthmore College USA), PhD (Johns Hopkins). 1992. Panel C.

**RUZICKA**, Lado Theodor. MA (Econ), PhD (Social Medicine) (Charles). 1976. Panel A.

**RYAN**, Kevin William. CBE, BA, LLB (Queensland), PhD (Cambridge), HonLLD (Queensland), DUniv (QUT), QC. 1978.

Panel C.

**SADURSKI**, Wojciech. LLM, PhD (Warsaw). Professor of Legal Philosophy (Personal Chair). 1990. Panel C.

**SAUNDERS**, Cheryl AO, BA, LLB (Hons), PhD (Melbourne). 1994. Panel C.

**SAUNDERS**, Peter Gordon. BSc (Hons), DipEc (Southampton), PhD (Sydney). 1995. Panel B.

**SAWER**, Marian. AO, BA (Hons), MA, PhD (Australian National University). 1996. Panel C.

**SCHEDVIN**, Carl Boris. PhD (Sydney). 1987. Panel B.

**SCHWARTZ**, Steven. BA (Brooklyn), MSc, PhD (Syracuse). 1991. Panel D.

**SCOTT**, Peter. AO, OBE, MSc (Econ), PhD (London), HonLLD (Tasmania), HonFAIUS. Emeritus Professor, (Geography), The University of Tasmania. 1964. Panel A.

**SELLECK**, Richard Joseph Wheeler. BA, BEd, PhD (Melbourne). 1978. Panel D.

**SHAW**, Alan George Lewers. AO, BA (Melbourne), MA (Oxford), HonLittD (Newcastle), FAHA. Emeritus Professor, Monash University (History). 1967. Panel C.

- SHAVER**, Sheila. AB (Stanford), PhD (La Trobe). *1998*. Panel A.
- SHEEHAN**, Peter Winston. AO, BA, PhD (Sydney). *1978*. Panel D.
- SIDDLE**, David Alan Tate. BA, PhD (Queensland). *1991*. Panel D.
- SINCLAIR**, William Angus. MCom (Melbourne), DPhil (Oxford). Emeritus Professor (Economics), Monash University. *1974*. Panel B.
- SINGER**, George. MA, PhD (Sydney). Emeritus Professor (Psychology), La Trobe University. *1983*. Panel D.
- SINGER**, Peter Albert David. MA (Melbourne), BPhil (Oxon). *1989*. Panel C.
- SKILBECK**, Malcolm. BA (Sydney), MA (Illinois), PhD (London). *1988*. Panel D.
- SMITH**, Robert Henry Tufrey. BA (New England), MA (Northwestern), PhD (Australian National University). *1974*. Panel A.
- SMITHSON**, Michael. BSc (Harvey Mudd), PhD (University of Oregon). *1998*. Panel D.
- SMOLICZ**, Jerzy Jaroslaw. AM, BSc, PhD (Edinburgh), FRSA, FRIC, FACE. Fellow of Polish Academy of Arts and Sciences. *1976*. Panel D.
- SNAPE**, Richard Hal. BCom (Melbourne), PhD (London). *1978*. Panel B.
- SNOOKS**, Graeme Donald, MEd (Western Australia), PhD (Australian National University). *1991*. Panel B.
- SPATE**, Oskar Hermann Khristian. Comendador da la Orden de Isabel la Catolica, MA, PhD (Cambridge), HonLLD (Papua New Guinea), HonLittD (Australian National University). Emeritus Professor (Pacific History), The Australian National University. Fellow *1954*. Honorary Fellow *1985*. Panel C.
- SPEARRITT**, Donald. AM, MA, MEd (Queensland), MEd (Sydney), EdD (Harvard), Honorary Member AARE. Emeritus Professor (Education), The University of Sydney. *1971*. Panel D.
- SPEARRITT**, Peter. BA (Hons) (Sydney), PhD (Australian National University). *1996*. Panel C.
- SPENCE**, Susan Hilary. BA (Hons), MBA (Sydney), PhD (Birmingham). *1995*. Panel D.
- STANLEY**, Fiona Juliet. AC, WA Cit, MBBS (Western Australia), MSc (London), MD (Western Australia), FFPHM, FAFPHM, FRACP, FRACOG, Hon DSc (Murdoch). *1996*. Panel D
- STANNAGE**, Charles Thomas. BA (Hons), MA (University of Western Australia), PhD (Cambridge). *1997*. Panel C.

**STEPHEN**, The Rt Hon Sir Ninian Martin. KG, AK, GCMG, GCVO, KBE, HonLLD (Sydney), HonLLD (Melbourne), HonDr (Griffith), HonDLitt (Perth). 1987. Panel C.

**STRETTON**, Hugh. MA (Oxford), HonDLitt (Australian National University, La Trobe). HonLLD (Monash), HonDUniv (Adelaide, Flinders), FAHA. 61 Tynte Street, North Adelaide, SA 5006. 1972. Panel C.

**SUTCLIFFE**, John Philip. MA, PhD (Sydney). Emeritus Professor (Psychology). 1964. Panel D.

**SWAN**, Peter Lawrence. BEc (Hons) (Australian National University), PhD (Economics) (Monash). 1997. Panel B.

**SWELLER**, John. BA, PhD (Adelaide). School of Education Studies. 1993. Panel D.

**TAFT**, Ronald. BA (Melbourne), MA (Columbia), PhD (California). Emeritus Professor (Education) Monash University. 1964. Panel D.

**TAY**, Alice Erh-Soon. AM, PhD (Australian National University), LLD(hc) (Edinburgh) 1986. Panel C.

**THORNTON**, Margaret. BA (Hons) (Sydney), LLB (UNSW), LLM (Yale). 1998. Panel C.

**THROSBY**, Charles David. BScAgr, MScAgr (Sydney), PhD (London). 1988. Panel B.

**TISDELL**, Clement Allan. BCom (New South Wales), PhD (Australian National University). 1986. Panel B.

**TONKINSON**, Robert. MA (Western Australia), PhD (British Columbia). 1988. Panel A.

**TROY**, Patrick Nicol. AO, BE (Western Australia), Dip TP (London), MEng Sci (New South Wales), MICE, FRAPI. 1996. Panel C.

**TROTMAN**, Ken. B.Com, M.Com (Hons) PhD (UNSW). 1998. Panel B.

**TURNOVSKY**, Stephen John. MA (Wellington), PhD (Harvard). 1976. Panel B.

**TURNER**, Bryan S. PhD (Leeds), DLitt (Flinders). 1987. Panel A.

**TURNER**, John Charles. BA (Sussex), PhD (Bristol). 1989. Panel D.

**VIVIANI**, Nancy. BA, MA, PhD (Australian National University). 1997. Panel C.

**WAJCMAN**, Judy. BA (Hons) Monash, MA (Sussex), PhD (Cambridge). 1997. Panel A.

**WALLACE**, John Gilbert. MA, MEd (Glasgow), PhD (Bristol). 1980. Panel D.

- WALLACE**, Robert Henry. BCom (Hons) (Melbourne), BPhil (Oxford). *1978*. Panel B.
- WALLER**, Peter Louis. AO, LLB (Melbourne), BCL (Oxford), Barrister and Solicitor (Victoria). *1977*. Panel C.
- WALMSLEY**, Dennis James. MA (Cambridge), PhD (Australian National University). *1994*. Panel A.
- WALTER**, James Arnot. BA (Hons) (Melbourne), MA (La Trobe), PhD (Melbourne). *1997*. Panel C.
- WARD**, Ralph Gerard. MA (New Zealand), PhD (London). *1971*. Panel A.
- WARR**, Peter. BSc (Sydney), MSc (London School of Economics), PhD (Stanford). *1997*. Panel B.
- WATERS**, Malcolm. BA (Hons) (University of Kent), MA, PhD (Carleton University Canada). *1997*. Panel A.
- WEBB**, Leslie Roy. BCom (Melbourne), PhD (London), OMRI. *1986*. Panel B.
- WEBBER**, Michael John. BA (Cambridge), PhD (Australian National University). *1990*. Panel A.
- WEINER**, James Frederic. PhD (Australian National University). *1997*. Panel A.
- WELLS**, Murray Charles. MCom (Canterbury), PhD (Sydney). *1984*. Panel B.
- WELLER**, Patrick Moray. BA, MA (Oxford), PhD (Australian National University). *1996*. Panel C.
- WENDEROTH**, Peter Michael. BA(Hons), MA(Hons), PhD, DSc (Sydney). *1996*. Panel D.
- WESTERN**, John Stuart. DipSocStud, MA (Melbourne), PhD (Columbia). *1984*. Panel A.
- WHITE**, Richard Thomas. BSc, BEd (Melbourne), PhD (Monash). *1989*. Panel D.
- WIERZBICKA**, Anna. MA (Warsaw), PhD, Habil. (Polish Academy of Sciences). *1996*. Panel A.
- WILLIAMS**, Bruce Rodda. KBE, BA (Melbourne), MA (Adelaide), MA (Econ) (Manchester), HonDLitt (Keele, Sydney), HonDEc (Queensland), HonLLD (Manchester, Melbourne), HonDSc (Aston), Hon FIE Aust. *1968*. Panel B.
- WILLIAMS**, Robert. B.Juris, LLB (Hons) (Monash), BCL. (Oxon). *1998*. Panel C.
- WILLIAMS**, Nancy Margaret. BA (Stanford), MA, PhD (University of California, Berkeley). *1997*. Panel A.

**WILLIAMS**, Ross Alan. BCom (Melbourne), MSc (Econ), PhD (London). 1987. Panel B.

**WITHERS**, Glenn Alexander. AO, BEc (Monash), AM, PhD (Harvard). 1988. Panel B.

**WOODLAND**, Alan Donald. BA, PhD (New England). 1985. Panel B.

**WRIGHT**, Frederick Kenneth. BMetE, DCom (Melbourne). FCPA, FAIM. Emeritus Professor (Accounting), The University of Melbourne. 1977. Panel B.

**WURM**, Stephen Adolphe. AM, DrPhil (Vienna). FAHA. Emeritus Professor (Linguistics), The Australian National University. 1976. Panel A.

**YANG**, Xiaokai. BA (Hunan), MA (Beijing), PhD (Princeton). 1993. Panel B.

**YOUNG**, Michael D. MAgSc, BEc (Adelaide). 1998. Panel B.

**YOUNG**, Christabel Marion. BSc (Hons) (Adelaide), PhD (Australian National University). 1994. Panel A.

**YOUNG**, Michael Willis. BA (Hons) (London), MA (London), MA (Cantab), PhD (Australian National University). 1989. Panel A.

**ZINES**, Leslie Ronald. AO, LLB (Sydney), LLM (Harvard), (Hon) LLD (Australian National University). Emeritus Professor, The Australian National University. 1987. Panel C.

**ZUBRZYCKI**, Jerzy. AO, CBE, MSc (Econ) (London), PhD (Free Polish University), HonDUniv (Adam Mickiewicz University, Poznan). Emeritus Professor (Sociology), The Australian National University. 1967. Panel C.

## PANELS AND DISCIPLINES

### **PANEL A**

#### *ANTHROPOLOGY*

ALLEN, Michael  
AUSTIN-BROOS, Diane  
BECKETT, Jeremy  
BOTTOMLEY, Gillian  
FOX, James  
FREEMAN, John  
HIATT, Les  
KAHN, Joel  
KAPFERER, Bruce  
MADDOCK, Kenneth  
MANDERSON, Lenore  
PETERSON, Nicholas  
REAY, Marie  
REID, Jan  
ROSE, Deborah  
TONKINSON, Bob  
WEINER, James  
WILLIAMS, Nancy  
YOUNG, Michael W.

#### *DEMOGRAPHY*

BORRIE, Wilfrid  
CALDWELL, John  
JONES, Gavin  
McDONALD, Peter  
McNICOLL, Geoffrey  
POLLARD, Alf  
POLLARD, John  
PRICE, Charles  
RUZICKA, Lado  
TROY, Patrick  
YOUNG, Christabel

#### *GEOGRAPHY*

BROOKFIELD, Harold  
CLARK, Gordon  
FORBES, Dean  
GALE, Fay  
HEATHCOTE, Les  
HUGO, Graeme  
LINGE, Godfrey  
LOGAN, Malcolm  
McGEE, Terry  
POWELL, Joe  
PRESCOTT, Victor  
RIMMER, Peter  
SCOTT, Peter  
SMITH, Robert  
WALMSLEY, Jim  
WARD, Gerard  
WEBBER, Michael

#### *LINGUISTICS*

BRADLEY, David  
CLYNE, Michael  
MÜHLHÄUSLER, Peter  
PAUWELS, Anne  
WIERZBICKA, Anna  
WURM, Stephen

#### *SOCIOLOGY*

BARNES, John  
BEILHARZ, Peter  
BROOM, Dorothy  
BROOM, Leonard  
BRYSON, Lois  
CASS, Bettina  
CASTLES, Stephen  
CLEGG, Stewart  
CONNELL, Bob  
ETZIONI-HALEVY, Eva



HASSAN, Riaz  
HOLTON, Robert  
JONES, Frank  
KENDIG, Hal  
MARCEAU, Jane  
PUSEY, Michael  
SHAVER, Sheila  
TURNER, Bryan  
WAJCMAN, Judy  
WATERS, Malcolm  
WESTERN, John  
ZUBRZYCKI, Jerzy

**PANEL B**

*ACCOUNTING*

BROWN, Philip  
CHAMBERS, Raymond  
OFFICER, Robert  
TROTMAN, Ken  
WELLS, Murray  
WRIGHT, Ken

*ECONOMICS*

ANDERSON, Kym  
BEWLEY, Ronald  
BLANDY, Richard  
BOXER, Alan  
BRENNAN, Geoffrey  
CAMPBELL, Keith  
CHAPMAN, Bruce  
CHISHOLM, Anthony  
CLEMENTS, Kenneth  
CORDEN, Max  
CORNES, Richard  
CREEDY, John  
DILLON, John  
DIXON, Peter  
DOWRICK, Steve  
DRYSDALE, Peter  
EDWARDS, Harry  
EDWARDS, Meredith

FISHER, Brian  
FISK, E. K.  
FREEBAIRN, John  
GARNAUT, Ross  
GATES, Ronald  
GRANT, John  
GREGORY, Robert  
GRIFFITHS, William  
GROENEWEGEN, Peter  
HAGGER, Alfred  
HANCOCK, Keith  
HARCOURT, Geoffrey  
HARDING, Ann  
HARRIS, Stuart  
HEAD, John  
HENSHER, David  
HUGHES, Helen  
ISAAC, Joe  
JARRETT, Frank  
JONES, Eric  
JONSON, Peter  
KARMEL, Peter  
KEATING, Michael  
KING, Maxwell  
LEWIS, Mervyn  
LLOYD, Peter  
LONGWORTH, John  
MACFARLANE, Ian  
MATHEWS, Russell  
McALEER, Michael  
McDONALD, Ian  
McDONALD, John  
McKIBBIN, Warwick  
MELVILLE, Leslie  
MILBOURNE, Ross  
MILLER, Paul  
MULVEY, Charles  
NEUTZE, Max  
NEVILE, John  
NG, Yew-Kwang  
NICHOLAS, Stephen  
NIEUWENHUYSEN, John  
NILAND, John  
PAGAN, Adrian  
PARISH, Ross  
PERKINS, James  
PIGGOTT, John  
PLOWMAN, David

POMFRET, Richard  
POWELL, Alan  
QUIGGIN, John  
RAO, D. S. Prasada  
RICHARDSON, Sue  
RIMMER, Malcolm  
SAUNDERS, Peter  
SNAPE, Richard  
SWAN, Peter  
THROSBY, David  
TISDELL, Clem  
TURNOVSKY, Stephen  
WALLACE, Robert  
WARR, Peter  
WEBB, Roy  
WILLIAMS, Bruce  
WILLIAMS, Ross  
WITHERS, Glenn  
WOODLAND, Alan  
YANG, Xiaokai  
YOUNG, Michael D.

***ECONOMIC HISTORY***

APPLEYARD, Reg  
PINCUS, Jonathan  
SCHEDVIN, Boris  
SINCLAIR, William  
SNOOKS, Graeme

***STATISTICS***

CASTLES, Ian

**PANEL C**

***HISTORY***

BEAUMONT, Joan  
BLAINEY, Geoffrey  
BLEWETT, Neal  
BRETT, Judith  
BOLTON, Geoffrey

BOSWORTH, Richard  
BRYAN, Harrison  
CRAWFORD, Patricia  
CURTHOYS, Ann  
DAVISON, Graeme  
DENING, Greg  
ETHERINGTON, Norman  
GAMMAGE, Bill  
GILBERT, Alan  
GRIMSHAW, Patricia  
HIGMAN, Barry  
HIRST, John  
INGLIS, Ken  
JALLAND, Pat  
KELLY, Paul  
KINGSTON, Beverley  
LOW, Anthony  
LEGG, John  
MACDONAGH, Oliver  
MACINTYRE, Stuart  
MACLEOD, Roy  
MARTIN, Allan  
McBRIAR, Alan  
McCALMAN, Iain  
MILNER, Anthony  
NELSON, Hank  
O'NEILL, Robert  
POYNTER, John  
PREST, Wilfrid  
RICHARDS, Eric  
RITCHIE, John  
ROE, Jill  
RUBINSTEIN, Bill  
STANNAGE, Tom  
SHAW, Alan  
STRETTON, Hugh  
SPATE, Oskar  
SPEARRITT, Peter

***LAW***

ALLARS, Margaret  
APPS, Patricia  
CAMPBELL, Edith  
CAMPBELL, Tom  
COWEN, Zelman  
EVATT, Elizabeth

FINN, Paul  
FORD, Harold  
GREIG, Donald  
KIRBY, Michael  
MASON, Anthony  
MORISON, William  
NEAVE, Marcia  
RYAN, Kevin  
SAUNDERS, Cheryl  
SADURSKI, Wojciech  
STEPHEN, Ninian  
TAY, Alice  
THORNTON, Margaret  
WALLER, Louis  
WILLIAMS, Robert  
ZINES, Leslie

***PHILOSOPHY***

BROWN, Robert  
GOODIN, Robert  
HAAKONSSSEN, Knud  
JACKSON, Frank  
MONRO, David  
PASSMORE, John  
PETTIT, Philip  
REID, Elizabeth  
SINGER, Peter

***POLITICAL SCIENCE***

AITKIN, Don  
BELL, Coral  
CASTLES, Francis  
DAVIS, Rufus  
DRYZEK, John  
GALLIGAN, Brian  
GILL, Graeme  
GRAYCAR, Adam  
HINDESS, Barry  
HOLMES, Leslie  
HUGHES, Colin  
JUPP, James  
LOVEDAY, Peter  
McALLISTER, Ian  
MACKIE, Jamie

MADDOX, Graham  
MILLER, Bruce  
PARKER, Robert  
PATEMAN, Carole  
RIGBY, Harry  
SAWER, Marian  
VIVIANI, Nancy  
WALTER, James  
WELLER, Patrick

**PANEL D**

***EDUCATION***

ANDERSON, Jonathan  
ANDRICH, David  
CONNELL, William  
CRITTENDEN, Brian  
ELKINS, John  
FENSHAM, Peter  
FRASER, Barry  
KEEVES, John  
MARJORIBANKS, Kevin  
MARSH, Herbert  
McDONALD, Roderick  
McGAW, Barry  
MUSGRAVE, Peter  
POOLE, Millicent  
SELLECK, Richard  
SKILBECK, Malcolm  
SMOLICZ, George  
SPEARRITT, Don  
SWELLER, John  
WALLACE, Iain  
WHITE, Richard

***PSYCHOLOGY***

ANDREWS, Sally  
BOND, Nigel  
BRADSHAW, John  
BYRNE, Don  
COLTHEART, Max  
DAY, Ross

FEATHER, Norman  
FORGAS, Joseph  
FORSTER, Kenneth  
GEFFEN, Gina  
GILLAM, Barbara  
GLOW, Peter  
GOODNOW, Jacqueline  
GREGSON, Robert  
HALFORD, Graeme  
HUMPHREYS, Michael  
INNES, Michael  
IRVINE, Dexter  
KEATS, John  
KIRSNER, Kim  
LOVIBOND, Sydney  
MANN, Leon  
McCONKEY, Kevin  
McKENZIE, Beryl  
NOLLER, Patricia  
OVER, Raymond  
PATTISON, Philippa  
PAXINOS, George  
PETERSON, Candida  
PRIOR, Margot  
RICHARDSON, Alan

ROSENTHAL, Doreen  
SCHWARTZ, Steven  
SHEEHAN, Peter  
SIDDLER, David  
SINGER, George  
SMITHSON, Michael  
SPENCE, Sue  
SUTCLIFFE, John  
TAFT, Ronald  
TURNER, John  
WENDEROTH, Peter

***SOCIAL MEDICINE***

JORM, Anthony  
PILOWSKY, Issy  
RAPHAEL, Beverley  
STANLEY, Fiona

## REGIONAL LIST OF FELLOWS

**AUSTRALIAN  
CAPITAL  
TERRITORY**

Aitkin, Don  
Bell, Coral  
Bird Rose, Deborah  
Borrie, Wilfred  
Boxer, Alan  
Brennan, Geoffrey  
Brookfield, Harold  
Broom, Dorothy  
Brown, Robert  
Byrne, Don  
Caldwell, John  
Campbell, Tom  
Castles, Francis  
Castles, Ian  
Chapman, Bruce  
Curthoys, Ann  
Dowrick, Steve  
Drysdale, Peter  
Edwards, Meredith  
Finn, Paul  
Fisher, Brian  
Fisk, Ernest  
Fox, James J.  
Freeman, Derek  
Gammage, Bill  
Garnaut, Ross  
Goodin, Robert  
Grant, John  
Graycar, Adam  
Gregory, Robert  
Gregson, Robert  
Greig, Donald  
Harding, Ann  
Harris, Stuart  
Higman, Barry  
Hindess, Barry  
Inglis, Ken  
Jackson, Frank

Jalland, Pat  
Jones, Frank  
Jones, Gavin  
Jorm, Anthony  
Jupp, James  
Karmel, Peter  
Keating, Michael  
Kirby, Michael  
Linge, Godfrey  
Low, Donald  
Mackie, Jamie  
Martin, Allan  
Mathews, Russell  
McAllister, Ian  
McCalman, Iain  
McDonald, Peter  
McKibbin, Warwick  
McNicoll, Geoff  
Melville, Leslie  
Miller, J.D. Bruce  
Milner, Anthony  
Nelson, Hank  
Neutze, Max  
Pagan, Adrian  
Parker, Robert  
Passmore, John  
Peterson, Nicolas  
Pettit, Philip  
Price, Charles  
Rigby, Harry  
Rimmer, Peter  
Ritchie, John  
Ruzicka, Lado  
Sawer, Marian  
Smithson, Michael  
Snooks, Graeme  
Spate, Oskar  
Troy, Patrick  
Turner, John  
Wajcman, Judy  
Ward, Gerard  
Warr, Peter  
Weiner, James  
Wierzbicka, Anna

Withers, Glenn  
Wurm, Stephen  
Young, Christabel  
Young, Michael W.  
Zines, Leslie  
Zubrzycki, George

***NEW SOUTH WALES***

Allars, Margaret  
Allen, Michael  
Andrews, Sally  
Apps, Patricia  
Austin-Broos, Diane  
Beckett, Jeremy  
Bewley, Ronald  
Blewett, Neal  
Bond, Nigel  
Bottomley, Gillian  
Bryan, Harrison  
Campbell, Keith  
Cass, Bettina  
Castles, Stephen  
Chambers, Raymond  
Clegg, Stewart  
Coltheart, Max  
Connell, Bob  
Dillon, John  
Edwards, Harry  
Evatt, Elizabeth  
Forgas, Joseph  
Gates, Ronald  
Gill, Graeme  
Gillam, Barbara  
Goodnow, Jacqueline  
Griffiths, William  
Groenewegen, Peter  
Hensher, David  
Hughes, Helen  
Keats, John  
Kelly, Paul  
Kendig, Hal  
Kingston, Beverley  
Loveday, Peter  
Lovibond, Sydney  
MacDonagh, Oliver  
Macfarlane, Ian  
MacLeod, Roy

Maddock, Kenneth  
Maddox, Graham  
Marceau, Jane  
Marsh, Herbert  
Mason, Anthony  
McConkey, Kevin  
Morison, William  
Nevile, John  
Niland, John  
Pauwels, Anne  
Paxinos, George  
Piggott, John  
Pilowsky, Issy  
Pollard, Alfred  
Pollard, John  
Pusey, Michael  
Rao, DS Prasada  
Raphael, Beverley  
Reay, Marie  
Reid, Janice  
Roe, Jillian  
Sadurski, Wojciech  
Saunders, Peter  
Shaver, Sheila  
Sheehan, Peter  
Siddle, David  
Smith, Robert  
Spearritt, Don  
Sutcliffe, John  
Swan, Peter  
Sweller, John  
Tay, Alice  
Throsby, David  
Trotman, Ken  
Walmsley, Jim  
Wells, Murray  
Wenderoth, Peter  
Williams, Bruce  
Woodland, Alan

***VICTORIA***

Beaumont, Joan  
Beilharz, Peter  
Blainey, Geoffrey  
Bradley, David  
Bradshaw, Johnson  
Campbell, Enid

Bryson, Lois  
Chisholm, Anthony  
Clyne, Michael  
Connell, Bill  
Cowen, Zelman  
Creedy, John  
Crittenden, Brian  
Davis, Rufus  
Davison, Graeme  
Day, Ross  
Dening, Gregory  
Dixon, Peter  
Dryzek, John  
Fensham, Peter  
Ford, Harold  
Freebairn, John  
Galligan, Brian  
Gilbert, Alan  
Glow, Peter  
Grimshaw, Patricia  
Head, John  
Hirst, John  
Holmes, Leslie  
Irvine, Dexter  
Isaac, Joseph  
Jones, Eric  
Jonson, Peter  
King, Maxwell  
Legge, John  
Lloyd, Peter  
Logan, Malcolm  
Macintyre, Stuart  
Manderson, Lenore  
Mann, Leon  
McBriar, Alan  
McDonald, Ian  
McKenzie, Beryl  
Monro, David  
Musgrave, Peter  
Neave, Marcia  
Ng, Yew-Kwang  
Nicholas, Stephen  
Nieuwenhuysen, John  
Officer, Robert  
Over, Raymond  
Parish, Ross  
Pattison, Phillipa  
Perkins, James O.N.

Powell, Alan  
Powell, Joseph  
Poynter, John  
Prescott, Victor  
Prior, Margot  
Rimmer, Malcolm  
Rosenthal, Doreen  
Saunders, Cheryl  
Schedvin, Boris  
Selleck, Richard  
Shaw, Alan  
Sinclair, William  
Singer, George  
Skilbeck, Malcolm  
Snape, Richard  
Spearritt, Peter  
Stephen, Ninian  
Taft, Ron  
Thornton, Margaret  
Wallace, John (Iain)  
Waller, Louis (Peter)  
Webber, Michael  
White, Richard  
Williams, Robert  
Williams, Ross  
Wright, Frederick  
Yang, Xiaokai

### *QUEENSLAND*

Elkins, John  
Geffen, Gina  
Halford, Graeme  
Hughes, Colin  
Humphreys, Michael  
Longworth, John  
Noller, Patricia  
Peterson, Candida  
Quiggin, John  
Ryan, Kevin  
Spence, Susan  
Tisdell, Clem  
Viviani, Nancy  
Walter, James  
Webb, Roy  
Weller, Patrick  
Western, John

**WESTERN AUSTRALIA**

Andrich, David  
Appleyard, Reginald  
Bolton, Geoffrey  
Bosworth, Richard  
Brown, Philip  
Clements, Kenneth  
Crawford, Patricia  
Etherington, Norman  
Fraser, Barry  
Innes, Michael  
Kirsner, Kim  
McAleer, Michael  
Miller, Paul  
Mulvey, Charles  
Plowman, David  
Poole, Millicent  
Richardson, Alan  
Schwartz, Steven  
Stanley, Fiona  
Stannage, Tom  
Tonkinson, Robert

**TASMANIA**

Hagger, Alfred  
Scott, Peter  
Waters, Malcolm

**NORTHERN TERRITORY**

Williams, Nancy

**SOUTH AUSTRALIA**

Anderson, Jonathan  
Anderson, Kym  
Blandy, Richard  
Feather, Norm  
Forbes, Dean  
Gale, Fay  
Hancock, Keith  
Hassan, Riaz Ul  
Heathcote, Les  
Holton, Bob  
Hugo, Graeme

Jarrett, Frank  
Keeves, John  
Lewis, Mervyn  
Marjoribanks, Kevin  
McDonald, John  
Milbourne, Ross  
Muhlhausler, Peter  
Pincus, Jonathan  
Pomfret, Richard  
Richards, Eric  
Richardson, Sue  
Smolicz, Jerzy  
Stretton, Hugh  
Wallace, Robert  
Young, Michael D.

**OVERSEAS**

Barnes, John  
Brett, Judith  
Broom, Leonard  
Clark, Gordon L.  
Corden, Warner  
Cornes, Richard  
Etzioni-Halevy, Eva  
Forster, Kenneth  
Haakonssen, Knud  
Harcourt, Geoffrey  
Hiatt, Les  
Kahn, Joel  
Kapferer, Bruce  
McDonald, Roderick  
McGaw, Barry  
McGee, Terry  
O'Neill, Robert  
Pateman, Carole  
Prest, Wilfrid  
Reid, Elizabeth  
Rubinstein, William  
Singer, Peter  
Turner, Bryan  
Turnovsky, Stephen



## OBITUARIES

### **Paul Francis Bourke, 1938-1999**

Paul Bourke was so alive, in everything he did, that his untimely death is almost incomprehensible: he, more than most academics, had it in him to be the Grand, or at least Wise, Old Man of the next generation. No-one else can fill the role that might have been his.

He was early marked out for distinction as a historian, but he was much else: someone who was good at running things, at making things work, at enlivening a community, at asking inconvenient questions, at presiding, as he did so well in this Academy and earlier in the Research School of Social Sciences at the ANU. He loved the texture of institutions, especially universities, and he was made for them.

Paul was a most distinguished product of Max Crawford's history school at the University of Melbourne, and went from there not to Oxford or Cambridge but to Madison, Wisconsin, USA, where he was one of the first Australian historians to obtain doctoral training in the American style. He repaid his mentors with a truly great book, which has gained the supreme academic accolade of a dedicated conference.

From Flinders University, where he served as Professor of American Studies and as Pro Vice-Chancellor, he went to the ANU to serve as the Director of the RSSH, at an important time in the University's history. When he stepped down it was only in part to return to scholarship. He found himself serving in a range of senior posts within the University, and widening his research interests to include the evaluation of research work itself, a matter that has become of considerable importance. Along the way, so to speak, he served as the President of this Academy, once again at an important time, and it is to his endeavours that we owe, among other things, the National Academies Forum.

Four facets of Paul Bourke come easily to my mind. The first is scholarship. In 1981 I was the junior member of an Australian Research Grants Committee panel for the humanities and economics. We were at Flinders University in Adelaide, and I had been a bit depressed with what I had seen and heard through the



Paul Bourke

applications process already in Sydney and Melbourne. Gus Sinclair, who was a senior member, asked if I knew Paul Bourke. 'No,' I said. 'Well,' said Gus, 'I think you'll like this one.'

And I did. Paul Bourke was the ideal grant applicant. He was well read and well prepared. But much more: he was enthusiastic about what he and Donald deBats had done and were doing – the work which was to result in his magnum opus – and he aroused our own enthusiasm, because he could show us all why the work was important not only to his own field of History, but to the social sciences more generally.

A few years later he came to RSSH, and there I got to know him well. I learned about his short fuse, his Irish preparedness to fight and readiness to forget, his capacity to sing, his breadth of learning, and his breadth of interest in and respect for what others do. He is the only man who has ever shouted at me since I became an adult, and he is also the only man to whom I ever have shouted back. Not so long ago, when he and I recalled the incident, neither of us could remember what the shouting had been about. That too was characteristic of him. He was a good Director in all sorts of ways, and he went on to give a lot more to the University, at the expense of his own work and fame.

At the end of 1987 I left the University to do other things. But I still saw a lot of Paul. We were near neighbours for some years, which helped. We now also became sparring partners in what is a continuing debate about the shape of higher education. What is to become of the university as we know it, is a matter on which all of us legitimately have a point of view. Mine, shaped in part by my experiences as a senior officer at the ANU and a member of a number of Government committees interested in the question, was, is and is likely to continue to be, a reform perspective. Paul's, shaped by his experiences, was for the preservation of what he saw as the best, of excellence. Some points of view, of course, we shared. But on several occasions we found ourselves on opposite sides of the debate in public places. There was no shouting there. Each of us greatly respected the other, and by now there was a warm personal bond of friendship as well. He was an admirable and effective spokesman for his perspective, and Australia is the poorer for his passing.

Finally, he and I had a common interest and facility in counting, which is relatively uncommon in the discipline of History from which we both had come, and that led in his case to a competence of a high order in the relatively new field of the measurement of research performance. He began to take up this line of work in the interest of the School and of the University, but it broadened in time to the point where what he did was taken seriously by experts in other countries. Since performance measurement has been an interest of mine for some years I can say that his work was careful, comprehensive and useful. Much of what passes for performance measurement in our academic world is entitled to none of those adjectives. Again, I lament the passing of someone who was adding to our knowledge, in a fundamental way, of what it is we do and why it is important to our country and to humanity generally.

Along with Don Rawson, whom I knew for 40 years, and who worked closely with Paul as Associate Director of the School, and Fred Gruen, another colleague in RSSS – both, like Paul, Fellows of our Academy – Paul was an academic with whom I felt a very close bond intellectually and emotionally, so his death is a profound personal loss. But when I look at what he did, and how many he lives he touched, I am so glad that he was there, and that what he did was so very good.

### **Don Aitkin**

### **Richard Annells Champion, 1925-1999**

Richard Annells Champion, a Fellow of the Academy since 1978, died on 5 July 1999 at the age of 74 following a fall at his home in Mona Vale in Sydney. He will be well remembered for his strong and influential advocacy of Psychology as an experimental discipline and for his singular contributions to the formation of the Australian Psychological Society of which he was foundation President.



Richard Champion

Dick Champion was born on 6 January, 1925 in Largs Bay, South Australia. His father was the Manager of the Union Bank of Australia and, when Dick was young, moved frequently from one branch to another as he was promoted. When Dick was six the family settled in Inverell where he received his early schooling. After a year at Inverell High School Dick was enrolled as a boarder at New England Boys Grammar School. Later he was awarded a scholarship as a boarder at Scots College, Sydney.

In 1943 Dick Champion enrolled in the Faculty of Arts at the University of Sydney where he completed a double major in psychology, after which he was invited to undertake the Honours year. Following the award of first-class honours and the University Medal in 1947 he was appointed to a Lectureship in 1948. The rest of his academic career until his retirement in 1987 was spent in the University of Sydney variously as Senior Lecturer (1955-63), Associate Professor (1963-1965) and McCaughey Professor of Psychology (1965-1987). During 1965-1967, 1971-1974, 1978-1980 and 1983-1984 he served as Head of Department, in one of the largest Departments in the University. He was Pro-Dean of the Faculty of Science, 1972-1975.

Dick Champion's primary research interest was in the experimental investigation of human and animal learning, particularly in regard to the relationship between performance and motivation. His experimental orientation derived in large part from the early influence of Alfred Horatio 'Piggy' Martin, an irascible, and legendary figure and the first Reader in Psychology at the University. Martin had completed his doctoral degree under the direction of RS Woodworth at Columbia and brought with him back to Australia his firm and unrelenting views on psychology as

an experimental science. These views were strongly reflected in Dick Champion's teaching and in the rigour of his experimental work both alone and with his senior students. Dick was to set out his views in his fourth published paper, 'Principles of Experimentation' which appeared in the *Australian Journal of Psychology*, in 1953 (Vol 5: 146-153).

Dick's interests in human and animal learning and its controlling factors and processes were reinforced and extended during a two-year leave at the University of Iowa in the mid-1950s. In 1954, at Iowa, he completed a Master of Arts degree working in the research group of Kenneth and Janet Spence, then leading figures in the study of learning. There, Dick Champion also came under the influence of Gustav Bergman, a philosopher of science earlier associated with the Vienna Circle.

The fifteen or so years after his return from the United States were Dick Champion's most productive. Along with his doctoral and honours students he conducted a program of research on various aspects of human and animal learning and published a number of important papers on theoretical aspects of the learning process. Among these contributions were 'Learning', published in 1958 (*Australian Journal of Psychology*, 10: 54-68) and 'Reinforcement and Learning Theory' published in 1960 (*Australian Journal of Psychology*, 12: 10-20). His output of some 60 papers alone or in collaboration reveal Dick Champion as both a thoughtful scholar and a vigorous investigator of problems in learning. It was during these years too that he published his book *Learning and Activation* (Sydney, John Wiley, 1969) which, although aimed primarily at senior undergraduates, was nevertheless a highly original and insightful work on the processes and determinants of learning.

In the early 1950s the fortunes of the then British Psychological Society, Australian Branch were at a low ebb. Bill O'Neil, McCaughey Professor of Psychology, prevailed on Dick Champion to take on the Secretaryship of the Society and to revive and reorganise it. Dick did so with considerable verve and enormous commitment to the task, bringing to bear on the job his formidable organisational skills. It was typical of him – indeed one of his salient characteristics – that a job taken on would be tackled with energy and carried through to completion. He virtually rebuilt the

Society and positioned it in readiness for its smooth transition to the Australian Psychological Society in 1966.

In recognition of his singular contributions Dick Champion was elected as the last Chair of the old Australian Branch of the British Psychological Society and the first President of the new Australian Psychological Society during 1965-1966. In these positions he played a key role in guiding the affairs of the first Council during its first year of operation. As Chair and President Dick was never authoritarian or over-assertive. His style was to seek agreement and consensus, never an easy task in the early years of the Society, given the competing views of the various State Branches and other sectional interests.

In the tradition of the Department of Psychology headed by Bill O'Neil, Dick Champion set high standards for himself and his students. He was quick to recognise shoddy thinking no matter how well disguised, and was open and forthright in condemning it. He had a sharp and unerring eye for pretentiousness and chicanery in academic work and was relentless in dealing with it.

Like all good scientists Dick Champion was a sceptic and insisted on sound data for all theoretical claims. His students genuinely admired the clarity, conviction and authority evident in his teaching and his natural charm in the social interactions he enjoyed so much. Those who worked with him when he was Head of Department, from time to time realise, if only in retrospect, how gifted a leader he was. Although he could be assertive and forthright in stating his views he was never overbearing or authoritarian. He had no hidden agendas and was quite incapable of scheming.

In the course of his academic career Dick Champion received numerous awards and honours. As a student he was awarded Lithgow Scholarships for first place in Psychology II and III and the University Medal for Psychology IV Honours in 1947. In 1953 he was an early recipient of a Fulbright Travelling Scholarship, in 1962 an award from the Foundation Fund for Research in Psychiatry, and in 1969 a National Science Foundations Senior Foreign Scientist Fellowship. He was also a Visiting Scholar in the

University of California, Irvine (1969) and the Max Planck Institute for Psychiatry (1976).

As a friend and colleague Dick Champion was among the most affable of men with an engaging charm and wit. He had an acute ear for the double entendre and a well developed sense of the ridiculous, an essential quality for the maintenance of sanity in the academic jungle.

He was quite genuinely self-effacing, seeking no accolades. His contributions to the establishment of a genuine experimental psychology in Australia and his fostering of critical attitudes by his students towards the greater excesses of non-experimental approaches to mind are considerable. He never wavered in his view that psychology would only gain acceptance in the world of science through careful, rigorous experiment and theory. Dick was unquestionably one of the most gifted mentors of young, would-be researchers and he will be long remembered by those to whom he passed on his message through teaching, research and good fellowship.

Dick Champion is survived by his wife Margaret to whom he was married in 1951, and four grown-up children.

### **Ross Day and Peter Wenderoth**

### **Sydney Stephen Dunn AO, 1916-1998**



Sydney Dunn

During the three decades 1950 to 1980 Dr Sydney Dunn was one of the outstanding and best-known figures in Australian Education. He was responsible for developments in three important aspects of education: the provision of educational and psychological test; the training of teachers, and the promotion of research and scholarship. He had a capacity to visualise the needs of society and then to take the steps necessary to fill them, including inspiring and stimulating his co-workers. WF Connell described him as 'a pragmatic individual quick to see possibilities and turn an opportunity to advantage'. He loved talking with others, whether it be to exchange academic ideas and data or to gossip about mutual acquaintances or to make personal confessions, but he was also a good listener. Since he died, the family has received many letters from grateful students and associates attesting to the way in which he assisted them with a friendly ear and valuable advice.

Syd Dunn's life is an object lesson in how to rise from modest beginnings to high levels of achievement; his personal formula was strong drive, high intelligence, emotional stability and integrity. Born into a respected family in South Australia, he trained and worked as a primary school teacher and then eventually obtained two Bachelor's Degrees for which he studied part-time over a long period of years. He lacked a higher degree but his achievements were more typical of someone with many more years of formal research training, they were sufficient to be recognised by the award of an Honorary LLD by Monash, an Order of Australia, and Fellowships of the Academy of Social Sciences in Australia, the Australian Psychological Society and the Australian College of Education.

There were three major periods in Dunn's professional career. The first was as an officer of the ACER (Australian Council for Educational Research) in Melbourne where he was appointed foundation Director of the Test Division in 1947. In this capacity he arranged for the ACER to develop, or obtain under licence, the tests which school administrators and psychologists needed for evaluating educational outcomes and assessing the abilities of students. The users of these tests owe a debt to his vision in anticipating the tremendous growth of educational testing. Dunn



also served until 1965 as Assistant Director of the ACER and, in that office, he was able to influence the growth of certain important educational procedures. For instance, he was responsible for the testing program used in the controversial Commonwealth Secondary Scholarships Scheme. He also was active in the development of the Victorian Council of School Organisations.

In 1966 Dunn's standing as a scholar and innovator was recognised by his appointment as a Professor in the Faculty of Education at Monash University and later as Dean. In that capacity he helped to develop an already strong Faculty to become the pre-eminent one in the 1970s in the education of post-graduate students in Education and in the production of research. During his period as an academic, Dunn served as a key member of the Karmel Committee of Enquiry into Education in South Australia and was Chair of the South Australian Council for Educational Planning and Research. He was truly 'Mr Everywhere' in Australian Education.

His main extra-university commitment was his membership of the Australian Advisory Committee on Research and Development in Education (ERDC) and in 1975 he left Monash to become the full-time Chair of that Committee in Canberra. Under his direction the ERDC initiated and subsidised a wide range of research projects in the field of Education, especially in areas of education which he decided were important ones that had been neglected. He remained Chair of ERDC until it was terminated in 1981 by the Fraser Government.

When Dunn entered the academic world of Education, research and scholarship in that field were at a low ebb in Australia. During his professional career he greatly contributed to the huge developments which have occurred since the 1960s and his Order of Australia award in 1981 is one recognition of that contribution.

He was very community minded and family oriented. In his retirement he moved to Werribee and then Pakenham in both of which he was an active member of local Probus and University of the Third Age (U3A) groups. He is survived by his wife Moira and their daughters Judith Lim and Helen Elliott.

**Ronald Taft**

(first published in *The Age*, 25 December 1998)

**John William McCarty, 1931-1998**

John McCarty, who died on 8 October 1998, occupied a special place among Australian economic historians in that he bridged what has become a widening gap between the disciplines of economics and history. Firmly anchored by a rigorous grounding in economics, he displayed a rare breadth of scholarly interests. Disciplinary boundaries meant nothing to him as he raised questions and sought answers with a keen eye for detail and a reverence for documentation. He was the quintessential social scientist.



John McCarty

He graduated with first-class honours in economics from the University of Melbourne in 1953 and tutored in the subject for about eighteen months. With the encouragement of John La Nauze, economic history became his special interest and he proceeded to Cambridge to pursue it. The thesis which resulted, on British investment in the world mining industry in the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, is still referred to in new writing on the subject. He returned from Cambridge to a Lectureship at the University of New South Wales and then was snapped up by SJ Butlin to become a Senior Lecturer at the University of Sydney. In 1968 he was appointed as the inaugural Professor of Economic History at Monash University and continued in the Chair until his retirement in 1996.

‘Seminal’ is an over-used word which should be reserved for the work of the likes of John McCarty. He initiated a number of continuing lines of historical inquiry. He was the first economic historian seriously to examine the question of whether the staple model of economic growth could be applied to Australia, displaying a typical combination of originality and scholarly caution. He helped to widen the horizons of Australian historians generally by drawing attention to Australia’s place in the firmament of regions of recent white settlement. Possibly his most enduring memorial was the way in which he gave direction to the incipient awareness of the importance of urbanisation in Australian history. In recognition of that, his contribution was celebrated, not long before his death, with a special session of a national conference on urbanisation.

John McCarty's leadership in the profession was evident in his being invited to be a co-editor of the 1888 volume of the *Australian Bicentennial History Project* to which he was also a substantial contributor. Long before that, he was, with Boris Schedvin, one of the founding editors of the *Australian Economic History Review* which continues to be the standard-bearer for research into Australian economic history.

His occupancy of the Chair of Economic History at Monash was one of great achievement. He was a true scholar who set high standards for himself in all aspects of academic life. Long before the recent attempts to assess teaching performance in Australian Universities, he had established teaching as an important priority of his department. In this, he led by example and was greatly admired by his students for his scholarship and the rapport he developed with them. He played a prominent role in the University, guiding his department through good times and, more recently, not so good, and exerting a formative influence on the Faculty of Economic and Politics. He served on the University Council and was involved in many university-wide activities. He was a Fellow of Queen's College, University of Melbourne, and served on its Council for many years. He carried into his professional career the same qualities of integrity, decency and concern for others which were the hallmarks of his personal life.

### **JE Isaac and WA Sinclair**

### **Roger Wolcott Russell, 1915-1998**



Roger Russell

Emeritus Professor Roger Russell died in 1998 at the age of 83 years. He had a very productive and influential career in three countries, England, the USA and Australia; his research career spanned over sixty years, he published more than 200 research papers. His work enhanced our understanding of drug tolerance, learning and memory, and clinical applications of psychopharmacology. A number of Fellows of this Academy were at one time both his students and later his colleagues, and remember him with both respect and affection, for his work as a scholar and his dedication to the practical implementation of human values in his work as an administrator. He had a patient and supportive but not uncritical ear for the problems of both undergraduate and graduate students; I personally remember him as a surprising and very human contrast from previous professors I had known in their then very English distant style.

He succeeded to the chair of Psychology at University College London after the retirement of Sir Cyril Burt in 1950. Burt was somewhat reluctant to relinquish influence, but Russell was tactfully firm on reshaping the work of the department, and establishing psychopharmacology as a focal area for research. His commitment to psychology as a biological science first and foremost characterised his work throughout his life, well into his last decade after formal retirement. It was a stance which he influentially sustained during his period on the Council of the International Union of Psychological Sciences.

Professor Peter Glow arrived at University College London to pursue a research program and recalls that Roger apologetically asked if he could see Peter at the early hour of 9 a.m. The Russell working day started at 7.30 a.m. and packed into it active research, research administration, teaching and departmental administration, working late into the night. 'Such a pattern was characteristic of him for many years; his capacity for work not only had the effect of high productivity but was a compelling example for his many students'.

He returned to the USA, for a time Secretary-General of the American Psychological Association, and after some time at

Bloomington, Indiana became Vice Chancellor at the University of California at Irvine. His first long stay in Australia was as a Visiting Professor at the University of Sydney for the year 1964; during that stay I had the privilege of hosting his briefer visit to the University of Canterbury in New Zealand. In fact from his own student days Roger Russell had an Australian connection in that Professor Norman Munn had been Roger's first supervisor and was influential in directing his life's work in the direction in which it was fruitful. Munn years later retired to his native Adelaide.

Russell's most influential years in Australia were from 1972 to 1979, when he was Vice Chancellor of Flinders University. It was characteristic that he made a condition that the appointment was also as Professor of Psychology and Psychobiology, and he sustained his activities as a researcher as well as an administrator over that period. Professor Norman Feather remembers him as 'bringing to Flinders University a wealth of experience in working with people in a variety of settings. He was outgoing, friendly and considerate of staff.'

It was during this period that in 1978 he was awarded the degree of Doctor of Science from the University of Newcastle; in a speech in response to the receipt of the degree he outlined his work in physiological psychology while in Australia. This was reprinted in the *Australian Psychologist* in 1979.

In 1974, when the Vietnam War was in progress, attitudes on campuses were polarised, and Russell as an American was critically seen by radical student protesters, who occupied the Vice-Chancellor's office and created havoc with both his administrative and personal records. Though emotions ran hot, Roger Russell brought to the crisis a willingness to discuss and negotiate with the occupiers, despite personal attacks on himself and his research projects. As Norman Feather puts it 'It was a difficult year for a Vice-Chancellor who was at heart a person who eschewed damaging conflict and who respected amicable and fair solutions to problems, arrived at by consultation'.

The Flinders Medical Centre is one of Russell's major contributions to the University; he was able to bring to fruition

ideas for a medical school and on-site hospital that had been formulated but not implemented.

As Professor Richard Champion, who collaborated with Roger Russell puts it, ‘The keynote of my memory of Roger was his friendliness. He was the antithesis of an introspective scholar, himself confessing that sheer hard work was a mainspring of his academic success.’ Though Russell’s pharmacological work was mostly on animal behaviour, he also had a modest and conscientious contribution to make to the social sciences, as exemplified in his essay ‘Psychology and International Affairs, can Psychologists contribute?’ which appeared in an invited symposium at the XIVth International Congress of Applied Psychology in Copenhagen in 1961. We may let him himself have the last words, where he wrote ‘my emphasis (is) on the importance of distinguishing between the roles which psychologists may play as individual citizens, as expert citizens, and as psychologists. I heartily favor the psychologist playing all the roles, but the limitations on his activity vary as he changes, from one to the other – and he must realize this.’

### **Robert Gregson**

*Roger Russell's family has established the Roger Russell Memorial Fund at University of California, Irvine. It will provide an endowment that will fund an annual award to an outstanding graduate or postdoctoral student in the Center for the Neurobiology of Learning and Memory. Contributions may be made to the Roger Russell Memorial Fund and sent to the Center for the Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, University of California, Irvine, CA 92697-3800, USA.*

**Colin George Frederick Simkin, 1915-1998**

Colin Simkin died on 18 December 1998, aged 83. Although the greater part of his life was spent in New Zealand, from 1969 onwards he lived in Sydney and made important contributions to economics and to learning in Australia as Professor of Economics at the University of Sydney until 1980 and afterwards as Professor emeritus. In addition, Colin Simkin served as a member of the interim council of the Royal Military College at Duntroon, was President of the New South Wales Branch of the Economic Society of Australia (1972-3), and a consultant to the United Nations Economic and Social Commission of Asia and the Pacific Project on new patterns and strategies of development during the 1980s. While in New Zealand he had already been President of the Economic Society of Australia and New Zealand (1952-53), member of the editorial board of the *Economic Record* (1946-1974) and a frequent contributor thereto of surveys of the New Zealand economy; President of Section 24 (Economics) of ANZAAS (1969) and a Consultant to the Harvard Development Advisory Service in Jakarta (1968). He was elected to the Academy of the Social Sciences in Australia in 1972.



Colin Simkin

Colin Simkin was born in Dunedin, New Zealand, on 18 January 1915. His studies at Otago High School already revealed the promise for a distinguished academic career, confirmed by his undergraduate studies at the University of Otago. After also completing his Master of Arts degree and Diploma of Social Sciences there, he was offered a lectureship in Economics at Canterbury University College, which he took up in 1939. This appointment fortuitously brought him into contact with Karl Popper, who had come to New Zealand in 1938 to escape the scourge of National Socialism which had befallen his native Austria, to take up a lectureship in Philosophy at Christchurch. There, among other things, Popper wrote *The Poverty of Philosophy* and *The Open Society and its Enemies* as his contribution to the war effort. The last, in its acknowledgements, thanked Colin Simkin for helping him with an earlier version and for giving him 'the opportunity of clarifying many problems in detailed discussion over a period of nearly four years.' As Popper later recalled in his autobiography, they thereafter became 'life-

long friends'. Popper's philosophy, methodology and political outlook exerted their influence on Simkin for the whole of his academic life (and after), though the intellectual traffic between the two was by no means one-way. In the debates over political economy at the University of Sydney in the early 1970s, in which Simkin as a Professor was actively involved, he produced many broadsheets and held long departmental meetings on Popperian methodology and social philosophy. Simkin also thanked Popper in the preface to his first book for assistance on a number of important methodological points. During his retirement, he wrote his last book, *Popper's Views on Natural and Social Sciences*, a final dividend, as it were, from this long association.

During World War II, Simkin served with the Royal New Zealand Air Force, being largely stationed in Fiji as a meteorological observer. Earlier during the war, he had been promoted to Senior Lecturer at Canterbury. In 1946, aged 31, he became Professor of Economics at Auckland, a position he occupied for twenty-four years, during this period taking up many other positions in the university, including that of acting Vice Chancellor at one state. However, after only a year in the Auckland chair, he took leave for two years to take up a Research Fellowship at Nuffield College, Oxford, which enabled him to complete his Doctor of Philosophy. During his time at Oxford, he formed another important life-long friendship, that with John (later Sir John) and Ursula Hicks. At this time, Hicks was busily engaged on his work on the trade cycle, something which proved of great value to Colin Simkin's own research on New Zealand economic fluctuations, 1840-1914, which allowed him to report on the nature of the instability to which such small, dependent economies, are prone. In 1951, this study appeared as his first book, and one which indicated that the then still relatively young economist had absorbed his Popperian philosophy sufficiently to integrate economic analysis firmly with statistical and historical study of the facts. There is much good economic history in his book, as was indeed the case with his second major book, *The Traditional Trade of Asia* (1968). This was inspired by his work for ECAFE in the 1960s, though the economics was richly decorated, as he put it in the preface, by some indulgence in 'personal, if inexpert, enthusiasm for some aspects of Buddhist pilgrimages, Chinese culture, Ankorian



theocracy, and Thai life'. Such cultural aspects from his South East Asian interests endured and marked his life style for the rest of his life. It has been noted that during his last days he extracted some pleasure from a possible future role as the Vice-Abbot of the Buddhist Monastery at Cheng Mai.

A companion volume, *The Modern Trade of Asia*, was, unfortunately, never brought to final fruition. Draft chapters and many of its statistical foundations were passed onto students in this postgraduate and undergraduate economic development courses at the University of Sydney. A third book, *Economics at Large*, which presented advanced macro-economics to students, had also appeared in 1968, but was less successful. Apart from these books, and the one on Popper already mentioned, Colin Simkin published many journal articles of an applied nature (on the New Zealand economy for the *Economic Record*, as has already been mentioned, and in many United Nations Reports on developing Asian economies) as well as more theoretical pieces in the *Review of Economic Studies*.

Those who knew Colin Simkin well, admired his scholarship, wide learning and interests in philosophy, history, music, the arts and literature, subjects on which he conversed with intensity and pleasure. At Sydney, he was an excellent, and generally liked and admired teacher, particularly when engaged in small honours and postgraduate classes. His attempts in Sydney at large scale undergraduate teaching of a rather technical, and mathematical, macro-economics, were less successful and popular with students. The last contributed to the so-called 'Political Economy dispute' at the University of Sydney which embittered personal relations within its Department of Economics for a decade or more.

He was also a man of strong principles, occasionally somewhat dogmatic and stubborn, but always ready to admit he was wrong, if this was demonstrated to his satisfaction. He was above all a fair and balanced person. His almost two decades in retirement were filled with the recreations he had listed in *Who's Who*, music, swimming, reading and, though unlisted in that entry, travel, both to parts of Asia to visit friends of long standing, and to parts of the United Kingdom. The last included visits to Yorkshire, the 'home' of his second wife, Anna. His first wife, Margaret (Elise, as she

was more frequently called), had died in New Zealand in 1969, just before the move to Sydney took place. Their successive contribution to Colin Simkin's life and work should not be ignored. On all accounts, Elise was an excellent companion during his early, formative years as academic. She was a superb hostess as can be attested by all of Colin Simkin's students over these years. His second wife, Anna, brought a new glow to Colin's life, both when Professor at Sydney and during his lengthy retirement.

Colin Simkin's long time work as an economist reflected traditional values in academic research: usefulness in terms of applicability, as well as respect for the truth and for the facts, deep thinking and wide reading. No wonder his economic contributions were widely recognised internationally, most tangibly with a Rockefeller Fellowship in Oxford (1949), a Carnegie Visiting Fellowship to the United States (1958) and visiting professorships at Essex (1966-67), Manchester (1974) and the National University of Singapore (1982-83). Those who knew him, and who enjoyed his friendship, even if only temporarily, will mourn his passing but will forever treasure their contact and acquaintance with such a humorous, scholarly, and genuinely learned person.

**Peter Groenewegen**

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